Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 13. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, SEPT. 30, 1890. No. 79

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THE MINERS' TRIAL

ON THE CHARGES OF BESETTING AND WATCHING.

Evidence of the Witnesses for and Against the Crown in the Case—Speeches by the Different Counsel—The Judge's Charge to the Jury.

Court re-opened at 1:45 Monday afternoon. Mr. Pooley, in opening the prosecution, said the two indictments were for intimidation and an attempt on the part of the accused to prevent one J. B. Hugo from working in No. 5 pit of the Wellington mines. He reviewed the facts leading up to the affair, which are well known to the readers of the papers. He said that the evidence would show that the defendants had made the prosecutors very much afraid.

The court room was cleared of all witnesses on both sides of the case. The first one called to the stand was

W. A. Lindsay, who resides at Wellington. He stated that a plan put in of a portion of the Wellington estate, had been made by him, and was an accurate one. He pointed out on the plan the position of No. 5 pit, and the "crossing" near it. This was where the railroad used for transhipping coal around the main road. From here to the pit the distance was 170 yards. The road leading to No. 5 pit was not a portion of the E. & N. road; from the crossing to the junction switch the distance was 520 yards; the distance by the public road was about the same.

Cross-examined by Mr. Wilson—It is 170 yards to the pit from the crossing; it was about 50 yards on an average between the two roads, the rail and wagon one. Here some special measurements of distances were taken by the witness for the information of the jury, and minor points on the plan were pointed out. Witness also stated that the plan was made at the request of Mr. Pooley. Withess was in the employ of Messrs. Dunsmuir.

David Stephenson, next called, said that he was a provincial constable stationed at Wellington; had laid the information from persoual information. On Aug. 4th last was on duty near No. 5 pit; saw a crowd of men gathered near, about 150 of them; had been sent for; saw the crowd moving about; flags and banners were waving; on one of the flags was "K. of P.," on another "M. & M. L. P. A." Among the crowd recognized all the defendants. That same day saw a lot of men come out of No. 5 pit; witness ordered the crowd to leave, as the road was thought to be private; after some hesitation the crowd went away; then the men from the pit came along; part of the strikers had gone down by the wagon road, part by the railroad.—Witness here pointed out on the plan where the position of the different parties. Heard the strikers shouting and saw them running after the car had passed; some followed the car, or ran to head it off; heard shouts and groans; could not say which crowd the defendants were with; afterwards witness boarded the car and went home with two men, Hugo and Thomas; instructed other constables to see the other men who had been working home. There was a disorderly procession afterwards; call it disorderly because there was shouting and groaning; the strikers had also been making a noise near Mr. Bryden's house; the parading had been kept up daily for several days, and was still kept up three times a week. In one of the processions saw a figure made to look like a miner, hanging by the neck on a scaffold; the effigy had one black leg and one white one; never saw an effigy since that time. The processions are still kept up; the last one being on Friday last. On the day the gibbet was carried, the militia came up; believed the action of the crowd would scare the men at work. Laid the information as a matter of duty; no one asked me to lay an information.

Cross-examined by Mr. Campbell—I had no consultation with anyone concerning the laying of the information; spoke to Mr. Pooley and Mr. A. Dunsmuir about it, and to several others. The trouble on Monday would make me afraid if I was at work; never had any threats made to me by the strikers; when told to go away the strikers went. After the cars passed the crowd headed toward where the cars went; did not see any of the defendants on the railroad track. Had said in answer to an assertion that the processions could not be stopped, that they, the strikers, would look funny if they were stopped at the point of the bayonet. Witness stated he lived in a house owned by the Messrs. Dunsmuir; paid no rent, nor did he pay for any coal, as an arrangement had been made some time ago with old Mr. Dunsmuir, whereby the witness was to see that coal was not stolen. Never saw any guns in possession of the strikers; was told they carried revolvers.

To his lordship—Consider that I worked for and earned the coal I received. The coal costs $1.50 a load.

John Bryden took the stand and stated he was manager of the Wellington collieries; there was a strike on which had been on since the 17th of May. On the 4th of August several men were working in No. 5; among them was J. Hugo. Witness here described the gathering of the strikers, and their actions. Had ordered cars for the passage of the men at work, so that a conflict might be averted; heard the hoots and shouts but could not distinguish the words. On Tuesday, the 5th of August saw the procession, with an effigy hanging by the neck. There was a good deal of noise.

Cross examined—The half hour stop in the middle of the day had been done away with a short time previous to the 4th of August, and the men ceased work a half hour earlier; on the 4th of August the men were kept in the mine a half hour longer, waiting for the car to come that a conflict might be avoided. Had a conversation with Constable Stephenson in reference to the crowd, asking him if the gatherings could not be stopped. The same system of working the mines that obtained before the strike is now continued.

To the foreman of the jury—I believe the men who were at work in the pit were afraid of the crowd.

J. B. Hugo was next called—He said that he had for many years been a miner, mostly in Nova Scotia. On the 4th of August was at work at the Wellington collieries; had worked there for five years; had been paid by the day and by contract; the wages by the day were $3; by contract slightly better; this was not an excessive wage; had been working in the mines after the strike was on; twelve men were at work after the strike; before it, about 200 men were employed; between the 19th of May and the 1st of August very little coal was taken out, work of repairing being done; as soon as coal was sent up a change was apparent, the strikers commencing to talk considerably; some of the strikers had said that when the matter was settled those who had been at work would have to leave the Island; when those who were working came in contact with the strikers, uncomplimentary remarks were passed; when going to work in the mornings passed several groups of strikers; in two cases heard remarks as I went to work; one was, "There is a —— of a stink here;" Carter, one of the defendants, said, "It's enough to make a man sick;" believe that this was a reflection on my presence there; another of the strikers had said to me, "Partner, you had better turn back;" I asked why, and he replied, "If you go down to-day you won't come up to-day." This was not said by one of the accused. Went down the mine, and remained there that day, coming up at half-past three, a half hour later than usual, on account of a gathering of the strikers; when came up the strikers were gathered at the crossing, quite a crowd of them; not caring to walk through the crowd entered a car and went down in it; as the car passed heard shouting and yelling; at the junction Carter said, "You ——, we will get you yet;" saw two others of the defendants there at the time; after I went home, I saw a lot of the strikers together, some distance from my house; they formed a procession, and marched back; distinguished no words, but heard songs and shouts; at different times heard the word "blackleg;" believe this to be a term applied to men who go to work when a strike is on; the demonstrations did not keep us from going to work; we believed we were in danger, and unless that protection was given had decided to stop work; the presence of the militia reassured us; had it not been for the militia we should not have kept at work since; the processions carried flags at different times, but saw no emblems of a terrifying character; did not see the effigy.

Cross-examined by Mr. Wilson—On the morning of the 4th the strikers were gathering as I went to work; had fear of being insulted at the time, and had complained to the constable and to the company. I am not a member of the union, and am opposed to being driven in a matter of work; I have considerable feeling in the matter; I wrote the communication in the Free Press of the 7th of August, pertaining to the matter of going to work, and stating that there was no shame in so working; I complained to the constable of the menaces of the strikers; had complained on several instances; the wages now at the mines are the same as before the strike; there is a change in the hours of labor, but I prefer the old way.

Chas. P. Bloomfield, called, said he was a special constable at Wellington; on the 4th of August he saw a crowd of striking miners gathered, and gave evidence corroborative of the other witnesses. Witness also described the seeing of a black flag and the hearing of shouts.

Mr. Wilson objected to this evidence, as it did not in any way concern the defendants, but was overruled.

Witness described the songs and cries of the strikers, but had no evidence of actual assault to offer. The hanging of a blackleg miner in effigy was also described.

Under cross-examination no material points were brought out.

Alexander Sharpe gave evidence corroborative of that of Mr. Bryden. Personally he considered that there was danger of an assault on the non-union men by the strikers.

Cross-examined by Mr. Campbell, witness stated that he had asked a miner to come up and lay an information; had no feeling in the matter, but would like to see the processions stopped; did not consider the present processions right. Witness represented the crowd of strikers as being very wild-looking and very boisterous. He was uneasy himself over the matter.

Thos. Hayworth, a miner, working at No. 5 pit, described the demonstrations, and said he was scared of being handled roughly by the striking miners. In other matters of his evidence was a repetition of the previous witnesses.

Joseph Blair corroborated that of the others, as did Thomas J. Thomas. During the evidence of the former Mr. Wilson rose to object to some of the evidence, and his lordship said that Mr. Wilson was astonished at the answers given by the witness, when Mr. Wilson retorted by saying that he had passed the stage of astonishment long ago.

Joseph W. Lewis, pit head-man at No. 5 shaft, told a story substantially the same as the others. He had been employed by the Dunsmuirs for seven years; was not a member of the union.

This ended the case for the crown, and at this point the court adjourned until 7 p.m.

Court commenced at 7 o'clock last evening and the case for the defence was opened by Mr. Wilson, who pointed out that with respect to the indictment there was no evidence yet adduced by the prosecution to show that any or either of the defendants had in the slightest degree "beset" or sought to compel the prosecutors to do what they the prosecutors did not wish to do. True, it had been shown that some of the defendants had used bad language, but they did not stand there indicted for using bad language. "Besetting," as defined by the dictionaries, had not been proven, and he submitted that there was no case.

His Lordship overruled this, and said that the case must most assuredly go to the jury.

Mr. Campbell in pointing out to the jury the facts of the case, said that there had been no evidence as yet to show that the defendants were guilty of either "besetting" or watching the prosecutors. Neither had the prosecution shown that the defendants had no legal authority to do as they did, nor had it been shown that the defendants sought to "compel" the prosecutors to do what they did not wish to do. Also it would be clearly shown that the prosecution was conducted with an animus against the defendants more particularly an animus because of the action of the union of which the defendants were members—Mr. Campbell here commenced to review the causes of the strike which had been the prime cause of the trouble, but His Lordship interrupted him saying that this matter did not bear on the case in any degree whatever. The case was to only show that the men were guilty or not of the offence of "besetting" and compelling. Mr. Campbell, continuing, reviewed the evidence, and clearly showed that in no instance was violence proven to have even been attempted. The actions of the defendants had in no way been of an unruly or dangerous character. True they had gathered together, as men on strike are always sure to do. Idle expressions had been used, but nothing of a serious nature had been said. The action of Mr. Bryden in keeping the prosecutors down in the mine for a half hour, and then taking them away from the pit in box cars was not sufficient grounds for the expressions of fear made by the prosecutors. There was no doubt the prosecution was brought largely for other motives than those shown. The union was the one sought to be injured, and it would not do to forget that there was now a crisis in the world's affairs in the great clash of labor and capital. The first witness called for the defence would be

William Gopp, who gave evidence of the strike at the mines, and that on the 5th of August when the miners were assembled near the track and were told to go away by the constables, they went quietly, and the witness did not hear any bad or profane language or threats used; he was with the assembled strikers all the time, and had any such been used it must have been heard; the crowd cheered at the cars; they were not in any way ferocious and appeared good-natured from the fact that all were singing; did not consider it possible for anyone on the car to hear words had they been called out by those in the crowd.

Cross-examined by Mr. Hooley—Have not been working since the 17th of May; have been supported by the union; the strikers gathered to form a procession that the outside world might know that the strike was still on; waited at the crossing, not to intimidate the men at work, but to gather up those strikers who were to join it; the effigy was carried for fun, not to scare the working miners; the effigy could make no noise,—laughter—no disturbance was made beyond singing and cheering.

By the Jury—The procession was not formed at the crossing because of the orders given to go away by the constables and Mr. Bryden.

By Mr. Wilson—I do not stand out on account of the $15 a month, but as a matter of principle and right.

Robert Robinson gave almost similar evidence. Witness also added that there was no understanding that he knew of among the strikers as to how the working miners should be treated. Under cross-examination no points of interest were obtained. During one part of the cross-examination the witness asserted that the figure of a blackleg miner was not intended to convey the impression that black-legs were to be hanged; it was only tied up to steady the figure on the poles by which it was carried.

Alfred Scale, a miner, who works for the Vancouver Coal Company, at Northfield, being examined, said he had seen several of the processions and had participated in them. He did not think that they were dangerous; had at one time seen Mrs. Hugo shake a broom so that the dust would fly on the procession. In his opinion there never had been any danger to the working miners who were employed at the mines, either after or before the soldiers arrived.

A. Treloir, a miner, also gave complete evidence corroborative of the others. He also denied in toto the affirmation that the witnesses for the prosecution had made that he had waved his hat and told the others to come on.—Under a searching cross-examination his evidence remained unchanged.

Daniel Stewart and John Coppel gave similar evidence.

Constance Durande, a French miner, being examined through Mr. Lombard, who kindly acted as interpreter, substantiated the statements made by the previous witnesses.

His lordship said he was surprised at the seeming credulity and incredulity of the people in this case. Whatever they saw in the newspapers they believed. What they did not see in the papers they would not believe. His lordship referred to this in connection with the fact that all the witnesses spoke of the fact that the papers reported that the strike was settled, and they wished to contradict this by a procession. His lordship thought that a notice published in the papers to the effect that the strike was not over, would have been the best way.

The question of an adjournment then come up, and his lordship pointed out that the court had been sitting for twelve hours. He did not see why the eight hour movement should not extend to the courts of justice. He had never yet heard of a judge going on strike, but he thought such a case might occur. After some discussion, it was agreed to call another witness.

Thomas Campbell took the stand. His testifying in all particulars was the

[Continued on page 5.]

TELEGRAPHIC TIPS.

AN EIGHT YEAR OLD BOY MURDERER.

He Shoots His Little Sister in Cold Blood—A Large Whiskey Distillery Goes Up in Smoke—Two Young Travellers Found Dead in a Box Car.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—More than one-half of the extensive stock yards plant and property of the Anglo-American Provision company was destroyed by fire to-day. The most conservative estimate of the loss is $700,000, and the highest nearly $1,000,000.

The Fowlers have made arrangements by which they will temporarily occupy Allerton's slaughter house. They slaughter almost exclusively for the English market, and the throwing on the market of hogs which would have gone to them had they not been working would have caused a drop of from 10 to 20 cents in the price of light hogs. The aggregate insurance on the buildings is $100,000 and the contents $50,000.

A Young Murderer.

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 30.—At Nicholas Court house yesterday, Geo. Hinkle, aged eight years, shot and instantly killed his five year old sister. He had previously threatened his sister for telling her father of the boy's disobedience. On Saturday the boy took his father's rifle down from the wall, when his sister coming into the room said "I'll tell Pa on you." The boy at once levelled the gun at his sister and fired. The ball struck in the head causing instant death.

A Whiskey Blaze.

MADISON, Ind., Sept. 30.—The old war horse of Snyder's distillery at Milton, Ky., opposite Maddison, was burned this afternoon with 15,000 barrels of tax paid whiskey. Fire engines crossed over by the ferry from this city and prevented the spread of flames to other buildings. The loss is estimated at $100,000. The property belonged to Levy and Bros., Cincinnati, and was insured.

Mysterious Death.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 30.—Ross M. Fissbaugh, who was found dying in a railroad car with a bullet wound in his head, is dead. His remains, together with those of W. B. Emerson, whose dead body was found at the same time, were shipped this afternoon to St. Joseph. A coroner's jury is investigating the mystery, but has learned nothing. Local reporters have organized a detective bureau, and believe they are working on a good case. They learned that another man came in on the same train with the dead men. A description of the fellow has been secured, and he will likely be found to-night. The theory of murder and then suicide is a strong one, but more practical persons think the young travellers were murdered.

VANCOUVER SHOAL.

Report Received at Ottawa—Referred to Public Works.

Special to the TIMES.

OTTAWA, Sept. 30.—The marine department has received a report from their agent at Victoria regarding the shoal found at the entrance to Burrard Inlet and located by officers of H. M. S. Amphion, on which one of the Canadian Pacific steamers struck in June last. A chart showing the location of the shoal has been also been sent to the department which will refer the matter to the public works, to which the duty of removing belongs.

OTTAWA, Sept. 30.—At the Assizes held here to-day Antonio Geridesi, an Italian, charged with manslaughter, got five years in the penitentiary.

George Richer, a cabman, was sentenced to 4 years for attempted rape.

A PLAGUE SPOT.

America Fostering Outcasts Who Turn and Rend Her.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—There was the biggest kind of a row to-night at a joint meeting of the Polish anarchists and the orthodox Hebrews of this city. The latter had attended by invitation of the anarchists who are also Hebrews, but who subordinate religion to the doctrines enunciated by Most, for the purpose of discussing anarchy from a religious standpoint. There were fully 2,000 people at the meeting. The orthodox Hebrews being largely in the majority, though the anarchists had organized the meeting. An immense crowd collected before the hall, attracted by the noise from within. Four of the orthodox Hebrews defended the faith, when Michael Cohen an anarchist who had been in this country only four months, denounced religion and the American government in the severest terms. Then ensued a bitter fight, the cries being heard squares away. The police raided the hall and arrested about two dozen of the noisest.

A Severe Attack.

I have never felt better in my life than since I used Burdock Blood Bitters. I had a severe billious attack, I could not eat for days and was unable to walk. One bottle cured me. For billious ills use B. B. B.—JOHN M. RICHARDS, Tara, Ont.

Wisdom's Violet Cream.

Is a new and elegant preparation for eradicating and preventing roughness of the face and hands. Use it freely at night just before retiring and you will be delighted with a soft, smooth skin. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange.

You should secure a lot in Fernwood Beautiu., residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

THIRTY YEARS AGO AND THIRTY YEARS TO COME.

Rounds of Festivities in Montreal and Quebec—Reciprocity and the Government—An Early Session of Parliament—Eastern News Notes.

From our own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 22.—If Prince George of Wales has not been exactly amongst us in Ottawa those of us who are in the habit of approaching as near as possible to the skirts of royalty, and counting it an honor to do homage to the scions of nobility, had an opportunity of attending to a few of the royal feasts given in honor of the visit of the son of the Prince of Wales to Canada. These gatherings of the fashionable took place at the ancient citadel, Quebec, and Montreal. Sir Adolphe Caron and Lady Caron, who led in the various dances with His Royal Highness, were present on all these festive occasions. The Minister of War, although possessing no military experience, never having the honor of belonging to a corps far less commanding one, was quite at home with the commandant, the officers and the middies of Her Majesty's gun boat. The only one thing to mar the whole proceedings was the despatch which the correspondent of the Dunlop agency sent from Montreal to New York, and which provoked a libel. So far the case has not been proven against Mr. O'Brien, the correspondent in question, and he now threatens his accusers with a suit for defamation of character and one of them as being guilty of perjury. Meanwhile the Prince seems unconcerned as to what happened, looking at the story of his being in a questionable resort of the town and being arrested by the police, as a mere joke. It was the pride of the local "nabobs" who feasted him that were worst wounded. As news gathers as it travels, the story was embellished, so as to make it more interesting to a sensational public, by the time it reached London. Queen Victoria was of course anxious for the conduct of her grandson as well as for the behavior of the commander of one of Her Majesty's "naves" and asked Lord Stanley to enquire into the matter and report by telegraph. The Governor-General did so and the outraged feelings of royalty and those who assembled to honor its representative have at last been allayed.

NOW AND THEN.

Some thirty years ago the father of the young Prince visited Canada, and was subjected to a somewhat similar story, which was then put in circulation in the same city, but which did not find any one base enough to publish it in the press. But leaving aside these smaller matters, which the tongue of slander most delights to revel in let TIMES readers cast a brief glance at the many changes and great progress made since then. The Prince's father was then a stripling of nineteen summers, who came to Canada to inaugurate the Victoria bridge, Montreal. He would be looked upon as an idle dreamer then, who would have imagined, far less predicted, that before 30 years hence the various scattered provinces which comprised British North America, should be united together into one great confederation, with a band of rails running across the continent on British soil and uniting the Atlantic with the Pacific. Thirty years ago the fertile plains of the Northwest were almost an unknown desert. Turning to the United States and slavery was then in full swing in the South, and if there were ominous signs of an impending struggle, who could say what the result would be? West of the Mississippi the work of colonization was practically as little advanced as on our own Northwest to-day. There was no Atlantic cable, the attempt of 1858 having proved a failure. In Europe Russia was aspiring to a leading place among the military nations of the world, but for all that Napoleon III was in the height of power in France. Italy had scored her first triumph and Turkey was a power in Europe. Russia was still smarting from the discomfiture that slew Czar Nicholas and Australia was a land of exile. The grandest triumphs of telegraphy have came in this period, and since the day when, with the opening of the Atlantic cable, came flashing across its wires from the old world to the new the first message "Peace on earth and good will toward men." The electric light of to-day is proof of the advancement in that direction when compared with oil lamps of 30 years ago. Great and marvellous as the progress of the world, and especially our own Dominion, has been since thirty years ago, who can tell what it will be when compared with thirty years to come?

RECIPROCITY.

The McKinley bill, the Sherman resolution and the report of a committee of Congress considering a reciprocal resolution in regard to trade to be offered to Canada, have formed the principal subject of discussion here for the past week, and is likely to do so for weeks to come. As I wired you at the time, Hon. C. H. Tupper, who has been an ambassador to Washington on more than one occasion, and who is supposed to carefully watch new legislation in the States, especially in anything that might interfere with our Canadian interests, scouts the idea that the Americans intend giving a reciprocity treaty to Canada. He is plain enough, however, to say that should the Americans offer unrestricted reciprocity, that is, a full measure of reciprocity, Canada could only accept an introductory measure with reciprocity in view. Just where this so-called measure of reciprocity was to begin and where it was to end we are not told by the youthful Minister of Marine and Fisheries. But one thing is plain that with a growing feeling for better trade relations with the United States in the country, more especially since we have been threatened with this McKinley bill, the Government are turning more disposed, if Mr. Foster be excepted, to treat the matter respectfully.

THE APPROACHING SESSION.

Workmen are busy getting both houses of the legislature in readiness for the meeting of Parliament. There is a feeling abroad that the session will open in December, owing to the fact that another session is contemplated next fall, before an appeal is made to the country. At one time the First Minister was disposed to appeal to the country, once the truth of a good harvest had been realized, but his following rebelled as they were desirous of obtaining their sessional indemnity before going to their constituents for re-election. The length of the last session was pointed out to the Premier, as well as the request for an increase in the members' sessional indemnity, as reasons why the elections should be postponed. A gerrymander bill, more euphoniously speaking, a redistribution of seats bill, was hinted to the Premier as a thing most essential in the interests of the party, if not of the country, once the census was taken and before an election came off. The fall session I refer to will be for the purpose of passing and discussing this bill. That will be an arduous session to people entirely on the nature of the bill, and how the "Grits" imagine they are being dished. SLABTOWN.

A CENTRAL AMERICAN BEAUTY.

How the Relict of an Assassinated Dictator of Guatemala Lives in New York.

Dorna Francisca Apaucia del Vesenciadiayo de Quesaltenango Barrios is very possibly the most interesting female feature of New York society at this present moment. The immense wealth, uncommon beauty and strange romantic life of the fair Guatemalanese only add to the abounding charm she possesses by right of her delightful personality. Very few who know that Mme. Barrios is the mother of seven handsome children can realize that she is only 29 years of age, has the freshness and slenderness of a girl, and adores dancing above all other forms of recreation. This is so, nevertheless, and when she appears in the thin black gowns of her choice, wearing $500,000 worth of diamonds, her southern skin richly tinted with health and youth, the President's fair relict very generally outshines all other women present.

She lives in a palatial home on Fifth avenue, and divides her time very equally between caring for her small sons and daughters and practicing the classical music of which she is passionately fond. Mme. Barrios has an endless train of admirers, but remains absolutely indifferent to the most brilliant men in New York. She acknowledges her fondness for society, but avows her intention of remaining faithful to the memory of her solder husband.

The story of how the General won her hand is well known, but only her closest friends are aware of the devotion that sealed her love as a wife. It is both interesting and pathetic to hear her tell the story of how she arrayed herself in all her jewels, and, surrounded by the leading women of Gratemala, sat in a box at the theater waiting for Barrios to be proclaimed Dictator. She never once doubted his success; but when the curtain fell prematurely, showing the martial picture of the President rent in twain, she knew the temper of the people too well to question the result. She was hurried out of a side entrance, her life in jeopardy, learned of the assassination of Barrios, and the next morning fled from her native land.

Mme. Barrios has two sisters unmarried and both living in New York City. They are several years younger than she is, independently wealthy, and both very brilliant types of Central American brunettes.—Illustrated American.

He Gave Himself Away.

When Brother Johnson awoke suddenly from a surreptitious nap in Zion church he was pained to see the eyes of several brothers and sisters and the pastor fixed upon him with looks of severity, and at the close of the service he ambled up to Rev. Job Whitewash to apologize.

"Yo' must excuse me, Mistah Whitewash, fo' sleepin' while yo' was dispensin' of de bread of life, say; yo' must excuse me sholy. De fac' was, sah, me an' Jake was out late las' night gettin' in ouah craps, sah, and fatigue su'prised me."

"Brudder Johnson," severely replied the pastor, "it was not, sah, yo' succumbrance to the demands of trained nature, sah, that pained us, sah. It was was what yo' hollered in yo' sleep, sah."

"Fo' de Lawd, Brudder Whitewash, I dun forgot what I hollered, say, what did this po' ole man say, brudder?"

"Erudder Johnson, when I was in the middle of the most affectin' part of my discoursation, sah, yo' dun sit up and yelled: 'Choke him, Jake! choke him, or de ole fool dun gwine crow and 'rouse de pahson!' Sah, dat's what yo' hollered. How you gwine to 'splain dat, Erudder Johnson?" — Chicago Times.

Read These Lines.

1 to 2 bottles of B. B. B. will cure Headache.

1 to 2 bottles of B. B. B. will cure biliousness.

1 to 4 bottles of B. B. B. will cure Constipation.

1 to 4 bottles of B. B. B. will cure Dyspepsia.

1 to 6 bottles of B. B. B. will cure Bad Blood.

1 to 6 bottles of B. B. B. will cure Scrofula.

In any case relief will be had from the first few doses.

Baby Buggies, the finest and largest assortment in the city at low prices, from $9.50 up, at J. Sehl's 66 Government street.

CATARRH AND COLD IN HEAD HOW CURED

NASAL BALM CURES COLD IN THE HEAD CATARRH

NASAL BALM.

A certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief. Permanent Cure. Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. NASAL BALM is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO., BROCKVILLE, ONT.

Beware of imitations similar in name.

DAY AND MARTIN'S English BLACKING

ECLIPSE GLOSS

FOR LADIES' BOOTS.

Best in the World.

Chas. Gyde, Agent, Montreal

je21-6m

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health, and money; take no other.

Sent to any address, secure by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address,

THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY,

Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents for Victoria. jan21 vr-eod

AUCTION SALE.

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.

I am instructed by the Mortgagee to sell by Public Auction at my

SALEROOM, STORE ST.,

—ON—

Saturday, 4th Oct. next

All those pieces or parcels of land situate in the City of Victoria and known as Lots A and B of Acre Lot 61, Spring Ridge.

Terms Cash Deeds at Purchaser's Expense

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.

sep23-td

Public Library.

Owing to the removal to New Rooms the Library which was closed on WEDNESDAY, the 10th, is to be re-opened on Friday the 26th Sept., in the City Hall building on Douglas street.

By order of Committee.

JAS. McGREGOR,

sep18-tf Librarian

The JAPANESE BAZAAR

41 FORT STREET.

33 CASES PER S.S. ABYSSINIA

Tea Sets, Tea Pots in great variety, Lacquered Trays in many shapes, Flower Pots in red, green and blue ware, Old Curios.

Beautiful carved black wood Brackets, Book Shelves and corner Whatnots.

Very fine carved figures in Ivory.

Various Ornaments in bronze and antimony.

Curious paintings on glass.

Silk, quilted Skirts, embroidered Squares, richly embroidered Curtains, embroidered Dressing Gowns.

Gold and silk brocade.

Choice teas from Japan and India.

Try our Brand of M. F. Blended Japan and Indian Teas.

A QUALITY JAPAN RICE.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.,

41 Fort Street, Victoria.

jue3-tf

OLD STAMPS WANTED.

POSTAGE STAMPS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA and Vancouver Island before Confederation.

Those adhering to the envelope on which they prepaid postage preferred.

$2 per dozen will be paid by

MORRIS MOSS.

Sep11-1m

COMPETITION

—WHEN—

LEGITIMATE

—IS NOT FEARED BY—

ROWBOTHAM

THE GROCER,

Corner Yates and Broad streets.

For his stock is complete, choice, well-selected and well-bought.

A lot of second hand grain sacks suitable for oats and potatoes for sale.

P.O. BOX 476. TELEPHONE 108.

jly7-6m

SALE OF WORK.

The Ladies Aid Society of the First Presbyterian Church, Pandora street, will hold its

Annual Sale of Useful and Fancy Articles

—ON—

Wednesday, October 1st,

In the School room adjoining the Church.

Tea will be served from 5:30 to 7:30 p.m. for 25 cents. Admission 25 cents.

se13 (Colonist copy.)

HUNTINGDON, B.C.

Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways.

IS NOW ON THE MARKET

A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial buildings are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.

HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.

Lots for Sale from $20 upwards. Liberal discounts on block Sales.

S. MACKINTOSH & CO.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C. General Agents.

sept27-tf

PENDRAY'S

EXTRACT OF SOAP

SAVES LABOR.

One Pound Package 20 cts, or 3 for 50 cts.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

Tuesday, September 23rd,

—OUR—

FALL MILLINERY

WILL BE EXHIBITED.

The New Showrooms are Upstairs—Take the Elevator

HENRY YOUNG & Co.

PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.

(LIMITED)

CONTRACTORS FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

ASPHALT PAVING, ROOFING,

Construction of Sea Walls, Coating of Iron Pipes, Reservoirs, Cellars, Steamers, Wharf Piles, Etc.

We beg to call the attention of the public to the great advantage of our ASPHALT GARDEN WALK PAVING, as being free from weeds, always clean and most durable.

JOHN COUGHLAN, MANAGER. | J. E. CRANE, SEC. AND TREAS.

Office of Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad St.

Sep3-tf

The Bottom Dropped Out of

SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, FLOUR,

Bacon and Hams, Fidelity.

I will not quote prices here, but will kindly invite you to come and inspect goods before purchasing elsewhere, when I will quote prices that will astonish you.

PRICES FROM 10 TO 20 PER CENT. LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY

Goods Delivered in the City, at Station or Wharves, Free of Charge.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

WM ECKERT,

173 Government Street, corner Herald.

mar13-1m-dw

BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY

(Limited).

DIRECTORS: THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND.

HEAD OFFICE: 15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

je11d&w

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. G. WATERSON,

JOB PRINTER

Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store,

GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

--: PRINTING :--

By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,

38 FORT STREET,

Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing, inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

apl1-1y

SELLING OFF CHEAP.

On account of ill health I am selling a lot of new and second hand articles comprising

Wagons,	Wheelbarrows,
Buggies,	Barrow Wheels,
Ploughs,	Drills,
Harrows,	Crow Bars,
Cultivators,	Stone Cutters' Tools
Field Rollers,	Jack Screws,
Lawn Rollers,	Track Iron,

Miners' Picks.

And a large assortment of other Iron; a fine lot of Steel, Hardwood Lumber and numerous other articles.

9 Months Credit on Agricultural Implements.

WM. POWELL,

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.

KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA.

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets, Victoria, B. C.

de7

SEED OATS.

A LIMITED QUANTITY

For Sale by

BRACKMAN & KER,

125 Gov't Street

To all those using Injectors we take pleasure in recommending the simple, cheap and reliable

"PENBERTHY."

We consider this the best Injector in the market to-day, and have therefore secured the sole agency for British Columbia.

Every machine guaranteed.

SPRATT & GRAY

jly23-tf

MEDICAL.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS

Prescription of a Physician. Has been 40 years in use and has never failed in securing female success. Is used monthly with perfect success by thousands. Pennyroyal Wafers are effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers, take no substitute, or inclose price in postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich.

For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. nov

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' USE. Numerous testimonials of cures of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Nervous Headache, Pain in the Back, Wakefulness, Nervous Debility, Premature Old Age, Hysteria, Fits, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, Loss of Power, Impotency, Wasting Diseases, Spermatorrhœa, Impotence, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Nervous Exhaustion, Premature Decay, Loss of Power, Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Premature Old Age

B. WILLIAMS & CO., New Hats, New Suits, New Underwear
97 JOHNSON STREET.
Sep5

CANADIAN NEWS.

Items of Interest Received by Telegraph from Different Points.

Jos. Chamberlain, the distinguished English statesman, is in Montreal. He was accompanied by Mrs. Chamberlain and daughter, and will make a very short stay in the city. He will visit Ottawa and Toronto, and then take a trip to the Pacific coast.

Rev. Dr. Fulton, the famous Brooklyn preacher, who has gained so much notoriety through his anti-Romanish crusade, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Baptist church in Montreal.

The conservatives at Monck have decided not to oppose the re-election of Hon. Mr. Harcourt, the provincial treasurer.

Capt. Clark of the steamer Uleneda, which stranded some time ago during a fog, and became a total wreck, has been suspended for three months from the time of the stranding.

John Campbell, an elderly man, formerly of Newcastle, dropped dead in Toronto on Saturday from apoplexy.

The proposal of the Louisiana Lottery company to start a newspaper in Montreal in order to distribute information in the United States about the lottery has raised a decided commotion in the Canadian press. According to advices received by the Dominion department of justice, Tyner, assistant attorney general for the post office department at Washington, holds that the postal authorities are warranted in excluding from the American mails under the anti-lottery bill all newspapers containing the advertisements of any lottery company, wherever published. The Dominion postoffice department holds that the Canadian laws cover any contingency that might arise.

Wouldn't Do For That Occasion.

The pastor came down from his pulpit and went to the pew where his wife was sitting.

"Martha," he whispered, "send Johnny home at once to get the sermon I was going to preach this evening on the 'Doom of the Unrighteous.' He'll find it on the desk in my study."

"What is the matter with the sermon you were going to preach this morning?" inquired his wife.

"It's from the text, 'Suffer little children,' and so forth. It won't do at all for this morning. There are three women here with crying babies."

Siberian Eskimos.

There are settlements of Eskimos at Cape Tchaplin (Indian Point), Plover Bay, and East Cape. How long they have been there and how much of the country they have occupied can only be conjectured. Those occupying St. Lawrence Island, Cape Tchaplin, and part of the shores of Plover Bay, on the mainland of Asia, opposite St. Lawrence Island, speak a dialect nearly like that of Point Barrow or the Mackenzie river than the dialects of the Diomedes or Kotzebue sound. That the Eskimos of Asia have been there a great many years is a certainty. The Deermen people, whose principal support is domesticated reindeer, have gradually crowded out the Eskimos or Eishmen, and have almost absorbed them by assimilation. They wear no labrets, and in dress and tattooing are the same as the Deermen. That they have lived in underground houses is abundantly proved by the ruins at Cape Tchaplin of old huts which have been framed with whole jaws of whales. Now they live in huts above ground, covered with walrus hides. They are built in the same manner as those of the Deermen, who use a covering of reindeer robes. From the Deermen they have also learned to cremate their dead, instead of scattering the dead bodies over the plain, according to the custom of the American Eskimos. Like the American Eskimos, they deposit the personal property of the deceased at his grave. If he was a great hunter, they also erect a monument of reindeer antlers over his grave. Their songs and dances are to a certain extent the same as those of the Deerman, but their manner of living and their language coincide more with that of the people on the north coast of Alaska. At East cape, Siberia, there is a trace of the Arctic Eskimos, but differing from their nearest Eskimo neighbors, the Diomede people.

In the vicinity of East Cape there are a few ruins of underground houses, and a few Eskimo words are still used by the people. Twenty miles westward from Cape Tchaplin is Plover bay, where both the Eskimo and the Deermen language is spoken, but the Eskimo is on a rapid decline.—Alaskan.

HARD TO KILL.

Four Men to Capture a Lunatic, After Receiving Nine Bullets.

PETERSBURG, Va., Sept. 30.—Great excitement was created yesterday at Windsor station on the Norfolk and Western railway by the shooting of Henry Thomas, an escaped lunatic from the asylum in North Carolina. The negro, armed with a butcher knife, went to the residence of a woman in the Isle of Wight County and under threats of murdering her if she declined, demanded of her $20. She told the negro that she did not have the money in the house, but fearing the lunatic would murder her as she was alone she gave him an order on a prominent citizen at Windsor for the amount. After procuring this the lunatic took a horse and departed for Windsor. When he arrived there two officers attempted to arrest him. The negro fought fiercely, using his knife. The officers shot him twice, and then he jumped on his horse and attempted to escape. Seven more balls were fired into the lunatic's body. He was finally captured and it required four men to hold him so that he could be made secure with a rope. He cannot recover.

Wisdom's Violet Cream.

Is a new and elegant preparation for eradicating and preventing roughness of the face and hands. Use it freely at night just before retiring and you will be delighted with a soft, smooth skin. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

MUNICIPAL.

A BY-LAW.

To enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $300,000 for Sewerage Purposes.

AND WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT TO raise the sum of $300,000 for the purpose of constructing a general system of sewerage works for the benefit of the City of Victoria.

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it will be necessary to raise by way of loan, upon the credit of said Corporation the sum of $300,000.

And whereas, it will require the sum of $14,670.65 to be raised annually by special rate, for the payment of said debt and interest as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas, the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1890, was $3,918,903, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from any stock, shares or interest in the work upon which the money so to be raised or any part thereof, is intended to be invested, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investment of the sinking fund or any part thereof.

And whereas for the saving of interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal sum of $14,670.65 and interest as hereinafter mentioned, it will require an equal annual rate of 164-1000 of one per cent. in the dollar.

And whereas it is the intention of the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria that three persons, to be called Commissioners of Sewerage, shall be appointed to superintend the construction and erection of such sewerage works, and confirm all disbursements and outlays in connection therewith.

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, for the purpose aforesaid, to borrow or raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of $300,000, and cause the same to be paid to the Treasurer of the said Corporation, and in respect thereof for the said Mayor to issue debentures of the said Corporation to the amount of $300,000, in sums of not less than £200 sterling, or its equivalent, each payable at the end of fifty years from the date on which this by-law takes effect, and to bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, on the 20th day of May and on the 20th day of November in each and every year during the currency of the said debentures.

2. The said debentures, as to principal and interest, shall be payable at the office of the Bank of British North America in London, England, New York City, New York State, United States of America, or Victoria, Province of British Columbia, Canada.

3. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, and he is hereby authorized and instructed to sign and issue the said debentures hereby authorized to be issued. The Clerk of the said Corporation is hereby authorized and instructed to attach the seal of the said Corporation to the said debentures after such signing by the Mayor.

4. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and the interest at the rate aforesaid to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 164-1000 of one per cent. in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be levied, raised and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the said Corporation during the continuance of the said debentures, or any of them.

5. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1889, and amending Acts.

This by-law shall take effect on the 20th day of November, 1890.

This by-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council this 6th day of August, A.D. 1890.

Received the assent of the ratepayers the 18th day of September, A.D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of September, A.D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. sep30-tf

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Sale of Part of Lot 43, Block 2, Victoria City.

WHEREAS THE PREMISES KNOWN AS the Deluge Fire Engine House and the Tiger Fire Engine House, both situate in the City of Victoria, are in close proximity to each other for the best protection from fire of the said City.

And whereas it has been found expedient to dispose of the premises known as the Deluge Fire Engine House and the Lot of land upon which the same is erected.

And whereas it is the intention of the Corporation of said City to purchase other land and premises at some more advantageous and useful position or positions in said City, and to use the proceeds of the sale of said Deluge Fire Engine House and premises in the purchase of the said other land and premises and the erection and establishment thereon of other fire engine stations.

Therefore, be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. That the Clerk of the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria be, and he is hereby authorized to sell on behalf of the Corporation of the said City of Victoria the buildings and premises known as the Deluge Fire Engine House and the Lot of Land upon which the same is erected, being part of Lot 43, Block 2, of the City of Victoria.

2. That the said clerk do advertise for tenders for the said land and hereditaments, and that the price at which the same are sold shall be first approved by the Municipal Council of the said City.

This By-Law may be cited as the Deluge Fire Engine Sale By-Law.

Passed the Municipal Council the 18th day of August, A. D., 1890.

Passed the Municipal Council the 18th day of September, A.D. 1890.

Received the assent of the ratepayers the 18th day of September, A.D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 30th day of September, A.D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C.M.C. se30

A BY-LAW

To Repeal the "Fire Prevention By-law."

Be it enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

SHORT TITLE.

1. This By-law may be cited as the "Fire Prevention By-law."

INTERPRETATION.

2. The interpretation By-law applies to this By-law.

FIRE WARDENS.

3. The Council shall, at its first meeting after each annual election, or as soon thereafter as conveniently may be, and from time to time as a vacancy occurs, appoint one of the Aldermen for each ward to be the Fire Warden for that ward, and every such Fire Warden shall hold office until his successor is appointed.

4. The Mayor and Fire Wardens shall have supervision and control of the officers, members and employees of the Fire Department and shall prescribe the rules for its discipline and management. The Mayor and Fire Wardens shall have control and management of the public property now pertaining to the Fire Department of the said City of Victoria, and shall from time to time in their sound discretion, always subject to the approval of the Council, purchase, add to and acquire when necessary, or sell and dispose of when not required for the use of the Department, engines, hose carriages, hose and such other property as the exigencies of the Department may require. The Mayor and Fire Wardens shall, on the first day of January of each year, or so soon thereafter as practicable, report to the City Council the estimated amount of salaries and other necessary expenditures of the said Fire Department for the ensuing year.

5. No person shall impede in any way or hinder any Fire Warden, Fireman or other person under the direction of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department or other officer in command at any fire or fires.

OBSTRUCTING APPARATUS.

6. No person or persons shall willfully or carelessly permit any vehicle to obstruct the progress of the apparatus of the Fire Department going to or returning from a fire, alarm or drill.

BREAKING BLOCKADE.

7. No person or persons, save and except the Mayor, Fire Wardens, Police, Firemen and owners, occupiers or employees of buildings endangered by fire, shall be permitted to enter any burning building or within the lines designated by ropes or guards across all or any streets, lanes or alleys, and any person or persons entering within the lines designated by the ropes or guards, or refusing to move when directed to do so by any police officer or officer of the Fire Department shall be liable to a fine or imprisonment, or both, as provided for in this By-law.

DRIVING OVER HOSE.

8. No person or persons shall run over with any vehicle the line or lines of hose in use at any fires, alarms or drills, so as to injure the said hose.

RIGHT OF WAY.

9. All moveable apparatus of the Fire Department shall have the paramount right of way at all times through all streets, lanes and alleys.

FALSE ALARMS.

10. No person or persons shall, without reasonable cause, make or circulate or cause to be made or circulated any false alarm of fire by battery, ringing of bells, or otherwise.

11. No person or persons shall break, remove or injure any of the parts or appurtenances of the fire alarm telegraph without authority from the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department who shall report such action to the Fire Wardens.

12. No person or persons shall make or fit any key to the lock of any signal box of the fire alarm telegraph, have or retain in his or their possession, or under his or their control a key belonging to or fitted to open the lock of any signal box without authority from the Fire Wardens and Chief Engineer of the Fire Department so to do, or pick or force the lock of any such signal box.

13. No person shall put or place, maintain or suffer to be or remain, any article, thing or matter on or upon the sidewalk so as to interfere with the free access or approach to any signal box of the fire alarm telegraph.

14. Any person moving or intending to move any house or building in, on and through any street or streets where it may become necessary to interfere with any fire alarm wire, shall give due notice to the Fire Wardens and Chief Engineer of the Fire Department before commencing to remove said house or building. The person moving said house or building shall give security in coin, not less than twenty-five dollars, and any other security that may be necessary to defray all expenses in taking down, removing, fixing and repairing said fire alarm telegraph or any portion thereof, or any damage thereto in consequence of the moving or removal of the house or building.

FLYING KITES.

15. No person shall raise or fly a kite within the city limits.

FIRE ESCAPES.

16. Every building of three stories or more in height, occupied or used as a hotel, boarding or lodging house, or any factory, mill, manufactory or workshop, shall be provided with good and sufficient means of egress in case of fire. Every building in which operatives are employed above the first floor shall be provided with metal fire escapes, and women and children shall not be employed above the second story of any factory, shop or printing office unless there are two or more means of exit. All fire escapes shall be built and placed in accordance with the instructions of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department or other officer appointed by the Fire Wardens, shall be kept free from any obstructions and shall extend from the first story to at least four feet above the roof.

17. Every building of four stories or more in height used as a store, warehouse, factory, workshop, hotel or lodging house and all theatres shall have a four inch metallic stand pipe within or near the front wall, extending from four feet above the line of sidewalk to the line of roof, and at each story there shall be proper branches with gate valves, and there shall be a Siamese inlet at the line of sidewalk, all of the proper dimensions to connect with the hose of the Fire Department.

STOVES, FIRE PLACES, ETC.

18. No smokestack or pipe of metal for conveying fire, smoke or hot air, shall be fixed nearer than twelve inches to the face of any timber, and no such smokestack or pipe of metal shall pass through any timber framing or partition of wood or lath and plaster, or through any wooden floor unless it be encircled by a rim of solid stone, brick, or metal not less than three inches wide and equal in thickness to the full finished thickness of the framing through which it passes.

19. No person shall set or place any stove, furnace, range or vessel in which fire may be kept, in such a manner that the back thereof be less than sixteen inches from any woodwork, unless such woodwork is protected by metal, and in that case not less than twelve inches; and all iron stoves, furnaces and vessels in which fire may be kept, not built into a brick chimney, shall stand upon stone, brick, tile or other incombustible material, which shall project at least one foot from the front or door of the same.

20. Every occupant of any building shall keep all pipeholes in any chimney in such building, while such pipeholes are not in use, closed by a proper stopper of metal or other incombustible material.

21. No occupant of any building shall permit any chimney, stovepipe or flue therein to become unclean or take fire.

ASHES.

22. It shall be unlawful for any person to deposit any ashes, or cause the same to be deposited or placed, or permit the same to be or remain in any wooden vessel or upon the floor of any building, or in any place or premises belonging to or occupied by him, or her, or others, or in any metallic vessel within two (2) inches of any woodwork or structure, or place, or permit any hay, straw or other combustible material uncovered within his courtyard or lot of ground within ten (10) feet of any building.

INFLAMMABLE SUBSTANCES.

23. No person shall keep any larger quantity than eighty gallons of coal oil or other oil of a similar combustible character in wooden casks, or three hundred gallons in tin, iron, stone or earthenware, or twenty gallons of crude oil, burning fluid, naphtha, benzole, benzine, or other similar combustible fluid in any wooden building; and no person shall keep any larger quanjity than one hundred and fifty gallons of coal oil, or other oil of a similarly combustible character in wooden casks, or seven hundred and fifty gallons in tin, iron, stone or earthenware, or eighty gallons of crude oil, burning fluid, naphtha, benzole, benzine, or other similarly combustible fluid, in any brick building, unless the same shall be kept in a cellar properly ventilated and without a floor, or with a floor of brick, stone, cement, or other incombustible materials, in which case three hundred gallons of coal oil or other oil of a similarly inflammable character in wooden casks, or one thousand gallons in tin, iron, stone or earthenware, may be so kept; and no person shall permit or suffer any of the fluids mentioned in this section to flow into any municipal drain or sewer.

24. Notwithstanding anything in the last preceding section contained, when fire proof buildings, so constructed as to insure at all times a thorough ventilation thereof and used exclusively for the purpose of keeping or storing coal oil, burning fluid, crude oil, naphtha, benzole, benzine, or other similarly combustible materials, are isolated or detached at least two hundred feet from all other buildings, then any of the said fluids may be kept and stored therein without limit as to quantity, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.

25. No person shall take, light or use in any such storage building as is mentioned in the last preceding section, any fire, either for heat, light or other purpose.

26. No person shall at any time keep or store any fluid mentioned in this By-law, in the unlimited quantity therein authorized or mentioned, unless he has obtained from the Inspector of Buildings, within one year then last, a certificate to the effect that the building in which such fluid is stored or kept is in all respects of the character and description mentioned in that section; and for every such certificate the person obtaining the same shall pay to the Inspector of buildings, for the use of the Corporation, a fee of one dollar.

27. No person shall, at one time, carry on any vehicle more than two hundred and fifty gallons of any of the combustible fluids herein mentioned or referred to.

28. No person shall keep in store or for sale or use in any building within the Fire Limits more than the quantity of hay or straw following, namely:

For every livery or hack stable, 15 tons.

For storage or sale, 15 tons.

For private consumption, 2 tons.

29. No person shall, in any building where hay, straw, shavings or other combustible materials may be, smoke or have in his possession any lighted pipe, cigar or cigarette, or carry or keep, or suffer to be carried or kept, any lighted lamp, candle, or taper not being enclosed in a lantern or shade so as to prevent accident from fire therefrom.

SMOKE AND DRY HOUSES.

30. All smoke houses or dry houses shall be built of brick or stone, and the doors and roof of same shall be constructed of some non-combustible material.

SHAVINGS, HAY, STRAW AND LITTER.

31. Each person making, using or having the charge or control of shavings, hay, straw, paper, bags, litter or any other combustible waste or fragments, shall, at the close of each day, cause the same to be securely stored or disposed of so as to be safe from fire.

AISLES OF BUILDINGS.

32. All aisles and passage ways in buildings used for public assemblages shall be kept free from camp stools, chairs, benches, sofas, or other obstructions during any performance, service, exhibition, lecture, concert, ball, or public assemblage whatever.

SMOKESTACKS AND CHIMNEYS.

33. Whenever in the judgment of the Fire Wardens or upon the complaint of a majority of the residents adjacent thereto, any smokestack, chimney, flue or stovepipe endangers the surrounding property by fire, or annoys the residents in the neighborhood with smoke, soot or cinders, the Fire Wardens shall order the same to be abated, altered or improved as they may think most suitable for the protection of the surrounding property and conducive to the comforts of the residents in the vicinity.

UNOCCUPIED BUILDINGS.

34. Whenever any unoccupied building or buildings are not properly secured the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department or other officer in charge of said Fire Department, shall immediately visit the premises and notify the owner, agent, or person having control of same of the condition of the said unoccupied building or buildings, and to have it, or them, within twenty-fours, properly secured, so as to prevent evil disposed persons having access thereto.

PERMIT TO KINDLE FIRES.

35. No person shall kindle or cause to be kindled or used, any fire upon any street or highway, or anywhere in the open air in the City of Victoria, without a permit to do so signed by the Chief Engineer, or other officer in charge of the Fire Department. This section shall not include fire in furnaces necessarily used in laying roofs or pavements, nor the fires used in furnaces of engines necessarily used in blasting or hoisting, nor to fires in the open air upon private property, necessarily used in setting tires upon the wheels of vehicles or in heating tar or pitch.

ENFORCING REGULATIONS.

36. The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, Assistant Chief Engineer, or any municipal police officer, may enter upon any property which is, or is reasonably supposed to be subject to the regulations of this By-Law, in order to ascertain whether such regulations are obeyed, and no person shall obstruct any such officer in the discharge of his duty.

37. Every person convicted of an infraction of any of the provisions of this By-Law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars.

REPEAL.

38. The by-law "For the Protection of the City against Fire," No. 1, the by-law, "Defining the Duties of Fire Wardens and regulating the the conduct of the Inhabitants at Fires," No. 2, "A By-Law for the protection of fire ladders within the City of Victoria," No. 73; the "Fire Alarm By-Law, 1882," No. 87, the "Petroleum By-Law, 1882" No. 92, sections 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 29 of the "Victoria Building By-Law, 1883," No. 98, and section 6 of the "Fire Limits and Wooden Buildings By-Law, 1885," No. 116, a By-Law for the prevention and suppression of fires, 1887, and so much of every other by-law as is inconsistent with this by-law or makes any provision for any matter herein provided for, are hereby repealed and this by-law is substituted for them.

Passed the Municipal Council the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 23rd day of September, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. M. C. se27

T. G. RAYNER, REAL ESTATE and FINANCIAL BROKER

CITY LOTS, ACRE LOTS AND WATER FRONT LOTS

IN VICTORIA WEST, FOWL BAY AND WEST BAY,

je12

And a Complete List of First-Class Properties to Suit Investors.

QUININE WINE! Booth's Genuine Quinine Wine is the best Tonic and Appetizer known.

Superior to all other preparations in such diseases as Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Convalescence from Exhausting Diseases, and Functional Derangement of the Stomach.

WHOLESALE AGENTS, LANGLEY & CO., 21 & 23 Yates St.

EDUCATIONAL.

ROLAND LEE, ARTIST
86 GOVERNMENT ST.
LESSONS GIVEN.
sept4-1m

VICTORIA VIOLIN SCHOOL.
Female Pupils Mondays and Thursdays.
Male Pupils Tuesdays and Fridays.
From 4 to 5:30 p. m.
PROF. GRANAT, 52 QUADRA ST.
P. O. Box 353.
Private instruction at Pupils residence. s27

THE REV. C. J. BRENTON, M.A.,
Begs to announce that on and after this date
J. W. CHURCH, ESQ., M.A.,
Will become associated with him as Joint Head Master of Corrig College. Mr. Church has been Head Master of the Middlesborough Grammar School, England, for the past five years, and is a Priseman, Scholar, and Master of Arts of the Durham University, a first-class in the Theo. Exam. of the University of Cambridge, and a Student in Philosophy of the University of Edinburgh; he has a Diploma from the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education as Science Master, and has passed over 200 candidates in the University Matriculation and Degree Exams., Cambridge and Durham Locals, Legal, Medical, Pharmaceutical and Commercial Exams.
School Year Begins Tuesday, Sept. 9th.
To ensure admission this year an early application should be made.
Corrig College, Victoria, B. C. sep5-1m

NIGHT SCHOOL.
76 Yates Street, Moody's Block, Room No. 8.
This school has been in successful operation for three years.
Reasonable terms.
Open every evening except Saturday, from 7 to 9.
HINKSON SIDDALL, M.A., Principal.
se26-tf

STEAMBOATS.

Columbia & Kootenay Steam Navigation Co. Ld.
THE STEAMER
LYTTON,
WILL LEAVE REVELSTOKE EVERY
Monday and Thursday at 4 a.m.
FOR
SPROAT & LITTLE DALLES
Connecting at the latter point with the Spokane and Northern Ry Co. Returning will leave LITTLE DALLES every
Tuesday and Friday at 9 a.m.
se3 J. A. MARA,
Revelstoke, Sept. 1, 1890. Manager.

FOR THE NORTH.
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
WILL SAIL ON
MONDAY EVENING 29th SEPT.
AT 7 P. M.,
From Janion's Wharf for Fort Simpson and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
se27 Government street.

MUNICIPAL.

COURT OF REVISION.

An Adjourned Sitting of this Court will be held on Monday next, the 29th of September instant, in the Council Chambers at 11 a.m.

Parties interested will please take notice of this, and govern themselves accordingly.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Hall, Sept. 22, 1890. se23 C.M.C.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sundays, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for the amount paid if not in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts	per line
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	50	" "
Three months	$3	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—A first class Waiter. Apply to C. C. Fox, Steits' restaurant, 34 Yates St. sep30-3t

WANTED—A Lady Waitress. Apply at 71 Yates street. sep27-tf

WANTED—A waitress. Apply at once at Brunswick Hotel, Yates and Douglas streets. se24-1w

WANTED—Everybody to come and buy bargains at Hilbert's Boot and Shoe clearing sale, 74 Yates street. sep10-tf

WANTED—At once a nurse girl for small family. Apply 3 St. Lawrence street, James Bay. aug12-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—A pleasant situated Front Room, al so day and private board by the meal, day or week. For particulars apply to No. 8 Humboldt street, 3 minutes walk from Post Office. sep30-1w

TO LET—A five roomed cottage, locality pleasant and convenient; carpets, curtains etc., for sale. Address, "G. T.," TIMES office. se26-1w

TO LET—A two story 7 roomed house with bath, convenient and comfortable. Rent $25 per month. Apply to H. F. Heisterman and Co.'s office, Burns' Building. se25-tf

TO LET—A good room suitable for an office, 25 Bastion street. Apply at the Garrick's Head. sep23-1w

TO LET—New modern houses built for warmth and comfort; will be let by month or on lease to reliable parties; location best in the city. Inquire of J. A. Lawrence, 46 Government street. sept18-tf

TO LET—A furnished front Room on James Bay car line. Apply "A" this office. se2-tf

TO RENT—New five roomed Dwelling; bath room, hot and cold water, 3 lots Dallas Road. Apply Monteith & Milligan, 50 Government street. aug12-tf

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 133 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One thoroughbred Cow, good milker. Apply J. Phœnix, 39 Store street. sep30-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—A Photographer and artists' outfit. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. 63 Humboldt street. se29-1w

BOARD.

PERMANENT BOARDERS—A few Permanent Boarders can be accommodated at the Douglas House, corner of Gordon and Courtney streets at winter terms. sep5-1m

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation, 170½ Second street, Portland, Or., and 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDER NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sept5-1yr

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address P. O. Box 38, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake B. C. Jan29

G. HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX,
CIVIL ENGINEERS
And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (up-stairs), Government street. P.O. Box 338. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

ARCHITECTS.

EDWD. McCOSKRIE & Co.,
ARCHITECTS AND BUILDING SUPERINTENDNNTS,
Belmont Co. Block, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. P.O. box 41. se2-tf

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT
Office on the New Methodist Church site, corner Johnson and Quadra streets. jly3-tf

P. H. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2tf

T. B. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT
and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 78 Yates street, Victoria B. C. my20tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. ie2-1f

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications on the first Wednesday in every month, at Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Visiting brethren cordially invited. W. H. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, Scribe E. jel-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. J. PLUMMER, K. of R. & S. oct9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Meets every 1st Wednesday, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

THOMAS LANCASTER,
SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Orders may be left at Demers and Son, Grocers, corner Douglas and Pandora streets; Mr. Fox, corner North Park and Quadra streets; Mr. Nathan, Spring Ridge; Mr. Moffatt, corner Fort and Blanchard streets. au16-tf

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug22-1y

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL.
DR. J. HALL
Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D.
(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Yates streets, over Cochrane & Munn's drug store. Office hours—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $300,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government street Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASPINALL'S ENAMEL.
Just arrived a very large consignment in every conceivable color (bath and plain). Apply 159 Johnson street. Orders received at Langley & Co. sep17-1m

QUEEN'S MARKET
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND FITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 90.

MOVED.

The offices of steamer Barbara Boscowitz, James Bay and Central Coal and Wood Yard, have been moved to 115 Government street, Telephone 65.

COAL & WOOD

supplied at shortest notice.
se18-1m

HIDES.

Highest cash price paid for

Hides, Sheep and Calf Skins,

AT

F. Norris' Harness Shop or at the Rock Bay Tannery.

aug19-tf

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

52 LANGLEY STREET.

A first class boarding house.
11 roomed house suitable for a boarding house.
Esquimalt Road property.
27 acres on Gordon Head Road,
14 acres on Gordon Head Road.
Farm of 178 acres on Somenos Lake.
290 acres on Pender Island.
100 acres on Saanich Road.
Lots in James Bay, Fernwood, Alfred, Henry and Collinson streets.

FOR SALE.

FIRST-CLASS ISLAND HAY
BALED OR LOOSE.
ALSO A LOT OF L. BERKSHIRE PIGS
JOHN J. RUSSELL.
se26-tf Victoria P.O. Box 308.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN J. P. Matthews and A. M. Bannerman trading under the firm name of J. P. Matthews and Company has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Bannerman continuing the business who will collect all outstanding debts and pay all liabilities. Thanking the public for favors in the past and hoping for a continuance of the same to the firm.

A. M. BANNERMAN.
J. P. MATTHEWS.
se17-2w

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE BRITISH Columbian Investment and Loan Company, Limited, will after the expiration of three months from the date hereof, apply to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to have its name changed to "The British Columbia Deposit and Loan Company, Limited."

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Bastion street, Victoria.
Dated this 27th day of Aug. A.D. 1890. au28-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 12 of Subsection XXIX Beckley Farm, Victoria City.

WHEREAS THE CERTIFICATE of TITLE of William Wait, of Victoria City, Province of British Columbia, to Lot 12 of subsection xxix, Beckley Farm, Victoria City, bearing date the 26th day of May, 1885, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office
Victoria, Sept. 3, 1890. se3-1m

In the matter of Christopher Webb, Deceased Intestate

AND

In the matter of the Official Administrator's Act.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, the undersigned has been authorized to administer the personal estate of the late Christopher Webb.

Therefore all persons having claims against the said estate, and all persons indebted thereto are hereby required to send in such claims and pay such indebtedness to the undersigned.

WM. MONTEITH,
se16-1m Official Administrator.

NOTICE.

The Union Colliery Co., of British Columbia (Limited Liability.)

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF the Stockholders will be held at the Company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 1st day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.
12th September, 1890. se12-td

NOTICE.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF the shareholders will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday the 1st day of October next at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Victoria 12th September 1890.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
sept12-td Secretary.

NOTICE.

A MEETING OF THE FRENCH BENEVOlent and Mutual Association will be held in Hospital Parlor on Sunday, October 5th next at 2:30 p.m.

This meeting is called for the purpose of considering the agreement for the amalgamation of our Society with the Royal Provincial Jubilee Hospital, and having said agreement ratified.

G. H. BROWN,
Victoria, B. C., Sept. 26, 1890. Hon. Sec. se26-1d

NOTICE.

In re Estate C. L. Terry Insolvent.

THIS ESTATE HAVING BEEN DULY advertised for sale by tender and disposed of accordingly, all creditors are hereby notified to file claims duly attested prior to the 7th day of October, 1890. After which date we shall proceed to distribute the receipts, from such sale, pro rata among the creditors having regard only to those claims which are so filed.

A. C. FLUMMERFELT,
FRED J. CLAXTON, } Trustees.
se27-td

RACES.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

The Victoria Jockey Club will hold its semi-annual meeting on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, October 10 and 11, 1890, at the Victoria Driving Park, where the following programme of races will be presented:

1st DAY-Friday, Oct. 10th.

1st race, trotting and pacing 2:40 class, 3 in 5 heats. Purse, $250.
2nd race, running ¾ mile and repeat. Purse $150.
3rd race, trotting and pacing, 2:30 class, entries limited to horses owned by bona fide residents of the Province entered by owner, 2 in 3 heats. Entrance $5. Prize, silver cup.
4th race, running 1 mile dash, open to all stallions. Purse $150

2d DAY-Saturday, Oct. 11th.

5th race, trotting and pacing, 2:30 class, 3 in 5 heats. Purse, $300.
6th race, running, ¾ mile and repeat. Purse $150.
7th race, running, 1½ mile dash. Purse, $200.
8th race, running ¼ mile dash, open to all ponies 14:2 and under, to be ridden by boys 15 years of age and under. Entrance free. Prize, medal.
9th, high jumping contest, open to all horses, gentlemen riders. Entrance $5. Prize, silver cup.

In all purse races four or more are required to enter and three to start.
In all purse races the entrance is 10 per cent.
All purses will be divided into three moneys, 70, 20 and 10 per cent.
Entries close Monday, October 6, 1890, with secretary.

The Jockey Club have arranged to give bonds for foreign horses, and will pass them through the Customs. For any further information as to conditions or otherwise, apply to C. W. MATTHEWS, Esq., Hon. Secretary V. J. C. Post Office Box 538. se26-tf

The Daily Times.

VICTORIA, TUESDAY, SEPT. 30

HONEST JOHN AND MR. ROBSON.

The Vancouver organ of the Government thinks that Mr. Robson has not been guilty of "any practice that is irregular or conduct that is unseemly" in sticking to two seats in the legislature. No person, as far as we are aware, has been so discourteous as to say that Honest JOHN has been guilty of an "irregularity" in seeking election in two districts. Every person who pays any attention to politics is aware that Mr. ROBSON, in taking advantage of a loose point in our constitution when he played the double game in Cariboo and Westminster, was strictly within his right. If the people of these two districts wanted Honest JOHN, there is no legal impediment in the way of a gratification of their desires. It would be competent, under our constitution for every district in the province to elect Honest JOHN, and although it might seem to some as though that were too many ROBSONS, the World, and the Colonist, and the other touters, would perforce be compelled to approve of a legislature so constituted. If the ROBSON organs are to be believed, we cannot have too much ROBSON. However, that is only a matter of opinion, or taste. What the country wants to know now is—how long will Honest JOHN continue to retain the two seats? If it is his intention to resign Westminster, as the World insinuates, he has no right to wait until the eleventh hour, and then, when he has got everything fixed, rush through an election at an inopportune season. Mr. ROBSON has no right to put a whole constituency to the trouble of an election in midwinter, and he certainly has less right to disfranchise the people who were so generous as to elect him in his extremity.

THE INVARIABLE TORY YELP.

"Americans should understand that whenever they desire to enter upon a fair treaty of reciprocal trade, Canada will promptly respond, always subject of course to the reservation that we will not pay the price of a change of flag nor imperil our political independence for any material considerations they have to offer."

The foregoing is the invariable Tory yelp when the question of unrestricted commercial relations with the States is seriously canvassed. It reminds us of the howl of the Bourbon democracy in the States set up when the Fifteenth Amendment was passed around for State ratification. "Do you want my daughter to marry a nigger?" This was the howl of the Bourbon democracy. A score of years have passed since then, and with what result? The daughters of these Bourbons do not miscegenate worth a cent. And so it would be with Canada with commercial reciprocity in operation. For all the trading that would transpire, for all the lies that would be swapped, for all the sons and daughters that would be exchanged in marriage, and for all the poor whiskey the Canadian John Bull and Brother Jonathan in friendly intercourse would consume, Ontario would still choose to be humbugged by Sir JOHN and British Columbia to be duped by "Honest JOHN." The rule is, with any people, that they prefer a poor government of their own to that of another, no matter how perfect it may be. But seriously, are not the Tory papers aware that in constantly interposing the Union Jack between a transaction in dollars and cents between Canada and the United States, they tacitly concede extraordinary virtue in the Stars and Stripes. What is it about that banner that the Tories are afraid of? Why should they feel that Canadians having to do with people that live under it are liable to be persuaded that it is preferable to the Cross of St. GEORGE? Are the Canadians so sordid as that? If Canadians are, then annexation is inevitable, and the truly "loil" lad as well cease their clamor; if Canadians are not, then this eternal proviso in the shape of the "price of the change of flag, our political independence," and all that is equally superfluous. But the Canadian Bourbon, like his contemporary in the States, is guided solely by his prejudices. Loyalty with him is not merely a sentiment, it is a superstition, a fetich. If the PRINCE OF WALES should declare the "sun dance" inseparable from loyalty, Tory editors would at once prepare themselves for the ordeal of its rites.

Of course we know that the Americans would like to annex Canada. It would be strange if they did not. To expect them to be indifferent in the matter is to expect England to be indifferent to the independence of Ireland. The United States, however, have never even intimated to Canada that reciprocity was possible under conditions which would be constructive separation from the mother country. In this respect they have carefully refrained from giving England umbrage. Although manifestly it was to their interest to absorb Canada, they have left her to work out her own salvation. The trouble with the Canadian loyalist is this: He has undertaken too much. In the blind adoration of his fetich, he has undertaken to set up a rival nation in British North America, an undertaking quite as reasonable as the effort would be to set up Scotland as a rival to England. Canada can never be a rival to the States. Her geography and her climate forbid it, and finally the law of trade. There is nothing to prevent Canada from remaining politically separate from the States, but the States are commercially inseperable to her in the very nature of things. There must be so to speak, inter-state commerce. Without that Canada has no choice but to languish at the foot of the flag pole of the Union Jack, loyal but half starved.

IS THE CHRISTIAN IDEAL IMPRACTICABLE?

We look askance at INGERSOLL and we deplore the materialistic doctrine of Professor HUXLEY, but it seems to us that the antagonist of the Christian religion has most to dread is he who makes it appear that the Christain world is Christian in theory only. The Editor's Easy Chair, Harper's Monthly, discusses this proposition after its characteristically easy fashion, but none the less trenchantly for that. Says the Easy Chair, "It is remarkable that what we call the practical sense of Christendom virtually rejects the Christian ideals as impracticable. Its highest ideal is obedience to Divine will, and its instinct, therefore, should represent the religious man as the perfection of vigorous manhood." The Easy Chair, however, finds that this fact is disregarded, that Christain art has depicted the "Founder of Christianity" himself not as a blooming man but as a wan and wasted personality plainly worsted by the world. This conception extends to the constant and organized control of the church, and the general feeling of Christendom regards the ministers of its religion either as official personages or as excluded from actual knowledge of life, not masters of the arena, but professionally unfit to cope with the world.

"It may, indeed, be said that the traditions of Christian art show a misapprehension of the essential character of the Christian faith. But however that may be, it is certainly true that these traditions do not misrepresent the general conception of Christianity which is professed by those who practically reject its ideals. Here goes SOLOMON GUNNYBAGS to Christian worship on Sunday morning. He 'abashiates' himself in his pew, and his confession that he is a miserable sinner is so sonorous and impressive that the hearer sighs sympathetically with SOLOMON'S consciousness of the enormous burden of wrong-doing that he carries.

"Now what is SOLOMON doing in his pew? He is solemnly professing confidence in and reverence for certain principles of faith and conduct, not only as lofty in themselves, but as absolutely essential to his soul's salvation. Then, unless the whole universe is a farce, and religion and the soul impostures, they are the most practical and practicable of all possible principles, because otherwise the soul's salvation could not be made by beneficent Omnipotence dependent upon fidelity to them. But if some attendant spirit should say to SOLOMON GUNNYBAGS, as he walks home with the happy consciousness of duty done, 'SOLOMON, the golden rule and the Christian religion forbid you to 'unload' upon DAVID the stock that you believe to be very skaky,' he would unquestionably feel, if he did not say: 'Stuff! Every man for himself. Of course Christianity is an excellent thing, but it doesn't mean that.' GUNNYBAGS does not expressly repudiate Christian principle as unpractical; he only believes it to be so."

"The fundamental doctrine of the Christian life is love. The Christian millenium is peace. But it is Christendom that maintains the vast standing armies; and when the International Peace Congress meets in London this summer, and proposes disarmament, the good-natured reply of Christendom is, "Well—yes—perhaps—some time," with a smile of amused incredulity, as when a child seriously asks for the moon. Yet this is Christendom, and the Christian principles are entirely familiar, and every Sunday and saint's day in all the Christian churches we protest that the practice of them is essential to our soul's salvation. Then we wipe our eyes, and smile kindly upon anyone who really insists that we should offer the other other cheek, and forgive seventy times seven. Oh no, we say, that is an eccentric view. No man in this world—that is, in Christendom—can afford to allow himself to be imposed upon. If we don't look out for number one, who will take charge of that precious numeral?"

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Premier MERCIER declares that "Quebec will remain loyal to Great Britain as long as Great Britain should carry out its engagements respecting the laws, language and customs of the French people of Canada. Great Britain, however, failing in this respect, Quebec will regard herself freed from her engagements." What does freedom from her engagements mean? Will Quebec in such an event set up in business for herself? If provincial autonomy is what the gentleman wants we are not so sure but that it would be the best thing that could happen. Premier MERCIER ought to be given to understand though that whether Great Britain keeps her engagements or not the Anglo-Saxon and not the Gaul is going to predominate on this continent.

There is a writer on the Colonist who professes to be shocked because a writer in the TIMES has imitated the style of a historical book of the Bible. There is much curiosity to know who the Colonist writer whose feelings have been "outraged?" Can it really be Honest JOHN, who is an occasional contributor? Certainly there is no other writer on the staff who pretends to know anything about the Bible. The managing editor's telegram to Mr. EARLS, M. P., at Ottawa, on the question of a Sunday Observance law, is still remembered by a good many who consider the Sabbath a sacred day. Our contemporary ought not thus to strain at a gnat when some months ago it so easily swallowed a camel.

JAMES H. BARRY editor of the Weekly Star, San Francisco, had the temerity to criticise a judge's decision after it was made, and for so doing was sentenced to fine and imprisonment without trial by jury. The San Francisco Argonaut discussing the matter says:

The imprisonment of Mr. Barry, an editor, upon a charge of "contempt of court," because he had harshly and unjustly criticised the conduct of a judicial officer, has created some degree of feeling in the community, because, it is alleged, that he has not had the opportunity for a jury to pass upon the truth or falsity of his censors. Three superior judges, under a writ of habeas corpus, held that Mr. Barry should be fined and imprisoned because he had abused the right of free speech, and for that offense must be punished. The friends of Mr. Barry rest the new motion for his discharge before Judge Van Reynegom, upon the fact that he has been denied the opportunity of a jury trial. "It is in opposition to reason and dangerous to liberty," say the friends of Mr. Barry, "to say that you must not charge falsely, and then say you can not be permitted to prove the charge."

There seems to be great force in this position. If a murderer, or a swindler, is entitled to a jury, why is not the man who is up for contempt? If juries are capable of deciding whether an alleged murderer is guilty or not, why should they not be able to reach a just conclusion in the matter of an alleged case of contempt of court?

CORRECTIONS.

TO THE EDITOR:—A statement appeared in your paper respecting Mr. Joseph Baird. Mr. Baird was not a native of Dublin. He merely resided there for some years. He was a member of a Scotch family of note. He was not an early settler in this colony, having been here only seven years. He leaves a large family. By refering to last evening's paper you will see how very incorrect the statement is which has been inserted. J. F.

PROFITABLE VOICES.

What Choir Singers Are Paid in the Large Cities of the Country.

A soprano, in an average city, will be paid, as a beginner, anywhere from $200 to $300 per annum, writes E. Aline Osgood in the Ladies' Home Journal. As she becomes better known, and is in more thorough command of her voice, she will average from $500 to $800. Boston pays about $200 per annum better to choir singers than any other city in my knowledge. Several sopranos there receive yearly salaries of $1,000 and $1,200, and a few $1,500.

A woman with a good contralto voice will begin at an annual salary of $200, which, if she is successful, may rise to an average of $500. There are two churches in Philadelphia, I believe, which pay their contraltos $400; but this, in cities outside of Boston, which, as with sopranos, average about $200 higher, is unusual. And even a genuine alto—that rarest of things in these days—will command but from $300 to $400 per annum. The Hub, of course, does better than this, by adding $200; but even with this addition, none of these salaries appear precisely extravagant, or to admit of much luxury in living, and salaries are rarely increased. Should a rival church make an offer for a voice, if the first church is desirous of retaining it, the rival's price is outbid, and the voice retained.

But this is the only reason, of which I have knowledge, for increasing salaries. However, it must be remembered that this salary is paid for singing only at two services, and for attendance at one or two rehearsals a week. All the rest of the singer's time is her own to dispose of as she pleases. Prove she an apt pupil to her new master, he will send to her, for instructions, scholars whom he has not the time to teach. Or she may secure engagements to sing at different church concerts, or, laying aside her music, may take to sewing, painting, decorating, or any of the many ways in which girls are able to make a living. No work must be undertaken which will in any way conflict with the choir singing, for this, remember, is the reason of her existence. She is first and before all else a singer; that is her profession. Let this never be forgotten.

GRATITUDE'S INTEREST.

A Million Returned in Payment of a Two Thousand Dollar Loan.

A New York letter in the St. Louis Republic says: Years ago, so runs the legend, a New Yorker came penniless to California, borrowed $2,000 without being able to give other security than his bare word, and started West to begin life anew. The lender remained behind for years without hearing from the borrower, and finally was reduced by misfortune to abject poverty.

Not many days ago, when about to be evicted for non-payment of rent, he begged his way across the Cortlandt street ferry with the hope of finding employment with an acquaintance in Jersey City. As he left the ferry-boat a crowd from an incoming train was hastening on board, and one of the travelers stopped him and claimed acquaintance. It was the man to whom he had lent $2,000. He had come back rich from fortune-hunting.

The two returned to New York, dined together, and exchanged experiences. The returned fortune-seeker, on finding his old-time benefactor penniless, drew a check and handed it to him. It was for $100,000, and in a few days it was followed by $900,000 more—$1,000,000 in gratitude for that early favor.

An immense assortment of Kensington Art Squares, all sizes, just received by John Weller, 32 to 38 Fort street.

THE MINERS' TRIAL.

(Continued from page 1.)

same as that given by the others, with an additional point when he gave evidence that the union men had been threatened that unless they stopped the processions they would be compelled to at the point of the bayonet. The court then adjourned until eleven o'clock Tuesday.

At 11 o'clock this morning the trial of the Wellington strikers was proceeded with. The routine work of calling the jury list was first gone through, and the counsel for the defence then rose to address the jury.

Mr. Charles Wilson said he would hardly be necessary to go into all the private feeling of the indictment, but the first count was to the effect the accused did unlawfully beset one Joseph Hugo with a view of keeping him from going to work in No. 5 shaft. The other count was a charge of watching the pit with the same object. In quoting the exact words of the act Mr. Wilson pointed out that they were very distinct, and defined the acts which are unlawful. In it there are six different classes of offences. The accused had been indicted under two of the sections. He wished the jury to clear their minds of any bias which might be caused by the evidence, as the men were on trial for two offences only, and what might have been done in other places or at other times, had nothing to do with this case. The men were charged with following and besetting Hugo, and of watching the shaft at No. 5, on the 4th of August. Hugo was the only one who had been followed or beset, and Number Five shaft the only place watched according to the words of the information. Mr. Wilson also held that the word "beset" was synonymous with "besieged," which was a continuous and applied effort to prevent one party or person from doing what they wished. The illustration of a siege was described, showing that a besieger or besetter did not go away when told to by the beleagued ones, but in the case before them these men, who are charged with besetting and besieging, at once went away when told to do so by a police officer in plain clothes. Not a hostile intent had been shown by the evidence, the contrary, rather. The charge of watching was taken up. Watching, as defined by the dictionary, was regarding with vigilance and care some place or person, but no evidence had been brought forward by the prosecution to show that the defendants had either watched and regarded with vigilance and care either No. 5 pit or Hugo. The labors of the prosecution had evidently been to bias and warp the minds of the jury, by detailing things which happened after the date, the 4th of August, on which date the offence was said to have been committed. As a matter of fact the men were in no case nearer them than 175 yards of No. 5 pit, and the talk of besetting was absurd. Some of the witnesses for the prosecution had given evidence that they were afraid that the miners would beset the mines, but no evidence had been given of what had occurred subsequently to the 4th of August to show what had been the cause of the trouble between the miners and mine owners. Mr. Bryden, one of the principal witnesses, had a strong bias and feeling in the case. He was the manager of the mine and had for many years been concerned in its workings. Hugo, too, although an upright man, was also biased, and had a strong feeling in the matter, and had admitted he had. In Mr. Bryden's case he had by his actions in keeping the men down in the mines no doubt caused fear in the hearts of the miners there. It had been proved, though, that there were no grounds for the fears, other than the indiscreet message sent down the shaft by Mr. Bryden. It had been shown, too, that the constables in plain clothes and Mr. Sharp had been in the company of the strikers, and no fear had been caused to them. Actually there was no cause of fear, but the message sent to the shaft had told the men there to be afraid, but as a matter of fact when the men left the mouth of the pit the striking miners had left or were just leaving the crossing, and could not in any way have been a cause of intimidation. It had been shown that the strikers had met to form a procession, but it could not be said that the strikers intended to follow Hugo, nor had they so followed him. The fact that Hugo wrote a letter to the Free Press on the 7th of August, asking if it was true that the union men were to escort the non-union men to their work night and morning. No expressions of fear were used, only an enquiry made, and this, it must be remembered, was after the alleged following about had occurred. With reference to the opprobrious epithets charged, Mr. Wilson held that it would hardly be possible for those in the train to have heard them, even if they were used. But if they were so used, Carter, one of the defendants was not on trial for abusive language, but for something else, and the evidence adduced should not cause weight. One of the witnesses for the prosecution, Mr. Sharp, had stated that the crowd of strikers were wild looking and ferocious appearing. This was no doubt due to Mr. Sharp's imagination. The forming of a procession of union men carrying flags would cause different impressions. Some would look on it with pride, others as nonsense, and others might be terrified; but no carrying of effigies to cause fear had been done until after the 4th of August. What took place after that date the jury had no cause to take into consideration, for the indictment specifically mentioned that the 4th of August was the day on which the alleged offences took place. As far as the Union was concerned, it was an organization formed for mutual aid and benefit, and no man out on strike who was aided by a pittance from the Union should be branded as a pauper. If the mine masters had a right to combine together, so should the workmen have a right to so combine. There was no crime in trade combinations. It had been known by all that the strike had been on from the 17th of May to the 4th of August, and in no case had an overt act or any violence been committed. No interference had been made with the non-union men, and no demonstration had been made until the 4th of August, when a procession had been formed, and the result was this prosecution. There had been no sudden or violent ebullition of rage, but the union men had for months been quiet and determined in their conduct, and even though several of the witnesses had asserted that only for the presence of the military they would have been afraid, it had not been yet proved that the presence of the military was even necessary. He would ask the jury to fairly consider the evidence and bring in their verdict in accordance with the facts.

When court opened after lunch His Lordship in summing up, said that the case just heard was an important and interesting one, as it concerned local parties. Concerning the union, it was no more or less than a club, like any other social organization. It might be legal or illegal. Years ago unions were not legal. Comparing the miners' union with the Union Club of this city, he remarked that if the latter made a rule that no person should belong to any other club, he did doubts if such an action would be upheld by the law. There had been nothing shown in the evidence that the union of itself had been guilty of illegal acts. The indictment had nothing to do with this, however. It charged six men with having watched and beset No. 5 pit, and Hugo, who was there. There was a question to decide as to whether the defendants were with the crowd which beset and watched No. 5 pit or not. Evidence had been given that three or four of the defendants had been seen by some of the witnesses, and all by others. Now did they beset the shaft were Hugo was. This was the question to be decided. It had been shown by the information that the men had been so beset. The distinction between besieged and beset was explained at length. It was possible to beset without surrounding. Besieging would convey a total surrounding. If the evidence was carefully considered, it could easily be seen that the crowd did beset the pit. The crowd had gathered on the road leading from the pit, and there waited. It was for the jury to decide whether the gathering was there to form a procession or with some other object in view. The evidence from all sources showed that the crowd had waited at a point where the men had to pass. The defendants were not charged with using threatening language, or with forming a procession. They were charged with besetting the pit with a view of compelling the prosecutor from working. The jury, if it found that the defendants were there for that purpose, should, in accordance with the oath, bring in a verdict of guilty. But the fact of compelling came up, and it must be considered that compelling could be both moral and physical. The witnesses for the prosecution were an unit in describing the crowd as a noisy and an unruly one. It should be remembered that nearly all the witnesses for the defense were union men, and they would, as honest men, hang together, and try to put the best face on the matter, although one of them had said that the crowd did not run, others had said that the crowd did run. Others had said that the object of the procession was to inform the working men that the strike was still on, and one had said it would do no harm to let the workers see the crowd congregated. His lordship held this would morally compel the workers to cease work. The jury was also to judge as to the expressions used by the mob from Monday to Tuesday, for although they might not be of a direct bearing on the case, the mob was a continuous one and its expressions could be considered by the jury. It should also be remembered that one man who had heard the words was better than a dozen who had not heard them. The temper of the mob should be considered, although the men were not charged with using insulting language.

The foreman of the jury rose to ask who it was who had said "if you go down the pit you won't come up again."

He was told that the man had not been identified.

The foreman—Must our verdict be unanimous?

His Lordship—Yes.

The foreman—Guilty or not guilty?

His Lordship—Guilty or not guilty?

The foreman for one of the jury—Are these defendants charged with the action of the mob?

His Lordship—They are responsible for having been there with the mob, if the intent was to beset Hugo. They were there with others who took up a position which the men could not get past.

One of the defendants here rose to make a statement, and in a straightforward manner stated that on the day of the procession the 4th of August, the men had gatered at the crossing to form the procession. When told to go away by the officers of the law, they went quietly. They had no intention then or at any time to break the law.

The Attorney-General in addressing the jury explained that in late years the law had been materially changed in the relation of master and workingman, whereby the latter was clothed with more rights and privileges, and trades union were held to be lawful, and it had been decided by law that members of the trades unions should have power to go near the works going on to ascertain if union or non-union men were at work. It was also made an offense at the same time for men to intimidate those at work, and in the old country cases like this often came up, although nominal fines were imposed in most cases. In this instance the men had a right to be tried, had they wished it, by a magistrate, but they refused to be tried by the one at Wellington, and the venue of that trial to Victoria was one of no hardship. The crown was the right prosecutors and in spite of the political significance which had been placed on the case, he could say that no political animus obtained. He should be sorry to see the Province under a government which would not prosecute vigorously such a case. He would contrast the Province here with the state of affairs on the other side. It had been largely attributable to the action of the judges in enforcing punishment for crime, aided by honest and impartial juries. He hoped this state would still exist. The Attorney-General then proceeded to speak of what had led up to the strike, the prime cause of the trouble.

At this point Mr. Wilson rose to point out to his lordship that this was a point the court had refused to allow the counsel for the defense to touch on.—His lordship thought that the point might be of interest.

The Attorney-General continued, and explained that the strike had been on for some time, and on the 1st August the first trouble arose. The evidence offered by the defence was then reviewed at length, and the speaker with minute elaborateness analyzed it and showed all its weak points to the jury. That of the prosecution was as carefully revised and its strong points placed in the most advantageous light. The jury were enjoined to convict the defendants, as, if a verdict of not guilty was returned, it would be the endorsement of the upsetting of law and order.

The jury then withdrew, his lordship remarking to them that it was not a case of murder and no great responsibility rested on their shoulders.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

T. D. Conway, of Chemainus, is at the Oriental.

Capt. Salmond and wife, of Nanaimo, are in the city.

Dr. Crompton and bride arrived last evening from the east.

Mr. W. F. Archibald and wife returned from Nanaimo on Sunday.

Mrs. E. Neufelder, of Seattle, arrived on the City of Kingston last night.

N. F. Anderson, of Aberdeen, will make a visit to his home in Sweden.

Harry Davy, of the C.P.R. telegraph office, has returned from Harrison Hot Springs.

C. F. Gardiner and bride returned home from San Francisco by the Puebla yesterday.

Rev. C. Harrison, of Massett, is in town. He is en route for London, England, where he will sojourn for the next eighteen months.

Rev. P. C. Harris, of Naas, who came down on the Islander, went east via the C.P.R. this morning.

Mrs. J. W. Williams and Mrs. D. W. Morrow returned by the Puebla yesterday from a visit to San Francisco.

F. C. Gamble, C.E., J. Laidlaw and A. J. Smith were among the Yosemite's passengers to Vancouver this morning.

Miss Lizzie Morgan, who has many personal friends in Victoria, is in the city with the Russell-Jewell Dramatic Company.

E. A. Morris, who has just returned from Kootenay, has resigned the management of the Giant Powder Works Co., and will take a trip to Europe.

R. F. Dodd, of the Hudson's Bay company, Massett, Queen Charlotte's Islands, arrived by the Sound boat last evening en route to his home up north.

Mr. Sheriff McMillan, who was one of the Northern excursion party on the Islander, says he spent a most enjoyable time, and comes back greatly benefitted in health.

Capt. Ed. Francis, who has been north on the U.S. cutter Patterson, will soon return to this city, he being on that steamer at Nanaimo. She will reach Port Townsend in a day or two.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Hilbert's boot and shoe stock at 74 Yates street must be sold regardless of cost. tf

T. D. Conway is engaged in repairing the telegraph lines leading from Nanaimo to the C.P.R. cable.

Some of the latest novelties in the new lot of silverware just received by Lange & Co.

St. Andrew's and Caledonian society meets on Friday evening next. Business important.

If you want to get bargains in shoes, come while the stock is assorted at 74 Yates street. tf

F. E. Prince and Miss Isabella Kirk were married at Nanaimo on Saturday by Rev. W. W. Baer.

"A" and "B" batteries have been asked to report upon the drafts of men available for service in "C" battery. About seventy will be required.

Don't fail to attend the clearing sale of boots and shoes at Hilbert's 74 Yates street. tf

The latest donations to the Wellington fund are $62 from the Nanaimo longshoremen, and $57 from sailors of the Coast Seamen's Union in Nanaimo.

Yesterday afternoon one of the street car conductors while trying to fix some of the interior workings of the car, received a shock of electricity which sent him sprawling in the road.

Facts and Figures.

Thousands of people have been cured and thousands will be cured by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the best remedy for billiousness, dyspepsia, constipation, bad blood, lost appetite, etc. Millions of bottles have been sold and all have given satisfaction.

Why pay more when you can buy Suits to order from $22, Pants at $5, worth $8, at G. T. SHERET'S, Tailor, Clothier and Hatter

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Sep30 tf

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Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

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The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

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au12-tf J. B. WOOD.

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NOTICE to MARINERS

THE MASTERS AND PILOTS BRINGING in vessels to Victoria Harbor and wishing to anchor after having done so temporarily must apply at once to the Harbor Master for an anchorage berth.

W. R. CLARKE,

se9-1m Harbor Master.

(Colonist copy.)

NOTICE to MARINERS

AS WORK WILL AT ONCE BE COMMENCED to take out Beaver Rock it is requested, that all vessels coming in or going out of Victoria Harbor must give the scows or barges employed in this work as broad a birth as possible, and also to go at a slow speed.

A red light will be exhibited on the s. e. corner of the scow or barge from dark until daylight while the work is being done.

W. R. CLARKE,

se29-1m Harbor Master.

(Colonist copy.)

Dressmaking

Mrs. Willis wishes to inform her customers that she has removed her dressmaking establishment from over the City House, to 156 Yates and Quadra streets.

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THE BURCHELL CASE.

Found Guilty and Sentenced to be Hanged on November 14th.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 28.—Many hundreds of people visited Blenheim swamp to-day. A United Press correspondent was driven out with Pickthall and a guide, and it was found that the narrow carriage way through the swamp was filled with vehicles. The road was too narrow for teams to pass, and so they were wedged in, moving at the other end past Raab's house in a long procession. Dozens were hitched to fences at the other end. People swarmed through the swamp, and at the point where the body was found there was a large congregation. Many tore up roots and branches, plants and twigs, and every vehicle driven out contained some sort of a souvenir of the spot. Every livery stable in Woodstock was emptied. Many drove out in their own private conveyances.

A United Press correspondent penetrated through a dense undergrowth to Mud Lake, a few hundred yards beyond where the body was found. It is a dismal spot, as the sheet of muddy water, covering about fifty acres, with low banks and dense undergrowth of cedar, willow and other swamp growth overhanging the edge. To this uncanny place Burchell is believed to have been, hiding Benwell. Had the body been cast into the lake, it would never have been discovered, as it has a soft, muddy bed, the bottom of which cannot be found. The expressions heard on all sides showed a universal opinion that Burchell is not alone a murderer, but that he will be convicted and hanged. In every conveyance on the road one could see uplifted arms and pointing fingers at this or that point. Pickthall handled the ribbons with great skill and passed everything on the way. He is an expert with horses.

The United Press correspondent visited the jail last night and learned that Mrs. Burchell and Mrs. West-Jones had called during the day with a message for Burchell. They did not not ask to see him. It was not visiting day and they knew it was against the rules to see him. Burchell ate three meals to-day and seemed to enjoy them. He made several sketches during the day and gave them to newspaper men. One was a Frenchy-looking picture of a gaudily dressed girl, dancing with skirts held extremely high. One newspaper man gave him a volume of Rudyard Kippling's stories. He said he likes Kippling's tales, but that Robert Elsmere is the worst rot he ever read. While the correspondent was standing below, Burchell heard him laughing heartily with Forbes, his keeper, in his cell. Students from the Baptist college and also several members of the Salvation army visited the jail and held service, but Burchell did not take part. He devoted no time and apparently no thought to spiritual affairs. In many Woodstock pulpits, reference was made to the absorbing topic of the great trial which fills minds.

The jury was taken out twice to-day for an hour each, in custody of officers. They are closely guarded. Expectation is at a high pitch at Blackstock's summing up for defence. There is not so much curiosity over the crown summing up the points in the terrible array of facts against the prisoner, which are indelibly shown; but there is a great curiosity to know how Blackstock will patch up a plausible explanation of them. It is generally conceded that Judge McMahon's charge will be dead against Burchell.

INTEREST IN THE TRIAL.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 29.—This is expected to be the last day for the trial of John Reginald Burchell, charged with the murder of F. C. Benwell in the Blenheim swamp in February. Interest in the case has steadily risen, till now it exceeds anything ever known similar in the history of Canadian criminal jurisprudence. At this very moment the court is about to open for the day and is already well filled, and there is a surging crowd outside, made up of all sorts and conditions of people, struggling forward to secure admission.

The judge and lawyers have to fight their way through the crowd with the aid of tip-staffs and constables. The work of preventing the crowding of the court room itself was well done, and by the time the court room opened, no more had been admitted than would fill the seats available. Prominent among those in the court and sitting beside the counsel for the defence, and very near the prisoner's dock, were Mrs. Burchell and her sister, Mrs. West-Jones. Mrs. Burchell seems to have nerved herself to listen to all that goes forward; but there is a look of weariness on her face most pitiable to see. Mrs. West-Jones attends only because her sister must be supported in this dreadful ordeal. In passing the prisoner's dock she never even looked at the occupant, and Mrs. Burchell seems to dread to let her eyes rest on her husband's face. The prisoner was in his place early. At last the strain is telling upon him. It is evident he did not sleep well last night. There is nothing like abject fear, but simply nervousness and a look of apprehension like one who feels that great events are pending. Blackstock has commenced his address to the jury.

The judge finished summing up at 9.55 p.m., and the jury immediately retired, returning to court at midnight, with a verdict of guilty.

The judge sentenced the prisoner to be hanged on Friday, Nov. 14.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Aug. 30.—While Burchell was being taken to jail last night he made his only comment on the conviction and sentence and said "Here's a how-do-you-do. I have pretty tough luck all through." He retired almost immediately after reaching his cell and slept soundly. He arose at the usual hour this morning, ate a hearty breakfast and appeared not at all depressed. Mrs. Burchell did not learn last night of her husband's fate. She was in a highly excitable condition and her physician gave her an opiate before the verdict was reached, and she slept soundly all night. This morning she was told of the verdict in the presence of her physician, and bore up bravely. It is believed she will recover sufficiently to sail a week from to-morrow for England on the Germanic with Mrs. West-Jones. No one is allowed to see Burchell this morning without an order from the sheriff, and the strictest watch is kept over him. Many believe he will cheat the gallows yet by suicide. Pelly learned the verdict and sentence last midnight at the Grand Trunk station just before taking the flyer for New York. He sails to-morrow for England on the Majestic. He goes alone. Charles Benwell will follow later. Pelly told a United Press correspondent he rather expected a disagreement. He expressed sorrow for Burchell. "November 14," he said, as he stepped aboard his train. "I must remember that date."

Charming people, these exceptional people! Here's a medicine—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for instance, and it's cured hundreds, thousands that're known, thousands that're unknown, and yet yours is an exceptional case! Do you think that that bit of human nature which you call "I" is different from the other parcels of human nature? "But you don't know my case." Good friend, in ninety-nine out of a hundred cases the cases are the same human blood, and that's why "Golden Medical Discovery" cures ninety-nine out of every hundred. You may be the exception. And you may not. But would you rather be the exception, or would you rather be well? If you're the exception it costs you nothing, you get your money back—but suppose it cures you?

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Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Capt Gore, Mrs Angus and boy, W Hunter, J Cabomer and wife and boy, J W Ager, T Miller, W C Haywood, J McChard, Mrs Gills, D Davis, Jas Barrett, J M Douglass, J H Freeman, H Schultz, Miss Richards, B Blakely, Mrs D Davis, R Harris, Ed Anderson, E L Leiter, Joshua Brun, P Nord, W H Cole.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—G Marwer us, M S Seyke and wife, C L Peters, Mrs Ketchum, P McCarthy, Mrs Ringwhalter, H C Good and wife, Mrs Elwell, C Hooks, Mrs Walsh, J Comisk and wife, Mrs Ketchum, J H Twigg, Miss Goldsmith, B Garr, Miss Morgan, J Williams, Mrs Dickinson, Mrs Ross, H A Gevekaht, L F Hodge, Miss Furren, Mrs Neufelder, Rev P C Harris, Mrs Smith, O Jones, E Crocker and wife, O Schutte, J W Chase, R G Timbelake, Mrs Smith, H D Morton and wife, J E Ricker, W M Hicker, G Marley, J Daneel, A S Winslow, H Goldberg, G H Walker, J J Hunt, H H Mardin, J H Mitchell and wife, F R Young, W Fink, Foster, 27 Indian men, 15 Indian women.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Joshua Brown, Wm Sticknorth.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—J H T & Son, C & Wilson, Mrs Lord, Waitt & Co, J Hays, M W Waitt & Co, Thos McNeely, H Young, H Walter, W J Jeffree, G H Maynard, T N Hibben, H Jewell, J Teague, E McNat, John Weller, J Somers, Matthews B & T S Lemon, T Earle, H B Company, R P Rithet & Co, P F Johnston, Indian.

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Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

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First Annual Exhibition OF PAINTINGS

To be held in the City Hall, Victoria, B.C., commencing Sept. 24th, and remaining open for two weeks.

Doors open from 11 a.m., to 5 p.m., and from 6 p.m., to 10.30 p.m.

Tickets of admission, price 25c, can be obtained at the doors, on and after the opening day.

JOHN GRANT, Esq., President.
E. S. SHEARNEL, Esq., Vice President.
T. S. GORE, Esq., Treasurer.
T. BAMFORD, Esq., Secretary.
se11-1m

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Being about to retire from business, my entire stock of the latest styles of **Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains and Poles, Children's Carriages, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc.,** will be sold at such low prices as will effect a speedy sale.

Special inducements in Fine Dinner Sets and other Crockery.

A large shipment, 78 rolls of Linoleum, 12 feet wide, ex Ship WANLOCK, at low rate of freight direct from manufacturers in Scotland, will be sold at bargains.

Intending purchasers will find it to their advantage to give me a call, as the will find my prices lower than any other store in the Province.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89, Until further notice, The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 1 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 1 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 1 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 1 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. 0617

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED)

TIME TABLE No. 13, Taking effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 8 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Rainbow leaves every Tuesday at 7 a.m., for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave on Standard Time. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent.

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At 9 o'clock Mondays and Thursdays through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Sole River, Twin River, Pysht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay. Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.

THROUGH CONNECTIONS for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

nov28 MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) ..... FRIDAY, Oct. 3, 1890, 12 m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer MARIPOSA..... SATURDAY, Oct. 18, 1890, 12 m. Or immediately on arrival of the Sydney mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

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RAILWAYS

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 189

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

COING SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.
	Ar. 12:20 P.M.	Ar. 8:00 P.M.	P.M.	RUSSELLS
	12:30	8:30	7:20	SQUIMALT
	11:45	8:07	7:15	GOLDSTREAM
	11:40 A.M.	7:36		SHAWNIGAN LAKE
	10:50	6:50		COBBLE HILL
	10:4	6:41		MALAHAT
	10:27	6:34		WHITES
	10:17	6:26		KOKSILAH
	10:11	6:20		DUNCANS
	10:02	6:10		SOMENOS
	9:50	5:54		CHEMAINUS
	8:30			NANAIMO
	8:25			WELLINGTON
	Lv. 8:10	Lv. 5:45	Lv. 3:45	

COING NORTH. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.
	Lv. 8:00 A.M.	Lv. 3:00 P.M.	P.M.	RUSSELLS
	8:04	3:10	10:15	SQUIMALT
	8:14	3:20	10:30	GOLDSTREAM
	8:25	3:47		SHAWNIGAN LAKE
	8:35	4:03		COBBLE HILL
	8:44	4:12		MALAHAT
	8:54	4:27		WHITES
	9:07	4:37		KOKSILAH
	9:11	4:41		DUNCANS
	9:22	4:52		SOMENOS
	9:34	5:04		CHEMAINUS
	10:40	6:00		NANAIMO
	11:30			WELLINGTON
	Ar. 12:15 P.M.	Ar. 7:00	Ar. 12:30	

ON SATURDAY SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Ticket will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rate between Victoria and Comox.

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Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma	8:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	10:00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	1:30 p.m.
Arrive Victoria	4:00 p.m.
Leave Victoria	8:00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	10:30 a.m.
Leave Seattle	2:15 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma	4:15 p.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

Leave Tacoma—8:00 a.m.; 12:00 m.; *7:45 p.m.
Leave Seattle—*4:30 a.m.; †12:00 p.m.; *4:30 p.m.
Boats leaving Tacoma 12:00 p.m., and Seattle at 4:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. land at Des Moines.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle	†4:30 p.m.	Leave Olympia	†7:00 a.m.
Leave Tacoma	7:30 p.m.	Lv. Steilacoom	9:00 a.m.
Lv. Steilacoom	8:00 p.m.	Leave Tacoma	12:00 m.
Ar. Olympia	†10:00 p.m.	Arrive Seattle	†2:30 p.m.

†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sundays only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.

Stopping at all way landings.

Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sundays, at 7 p.m.

Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily except Saturday 8 a.m. Arrives at Seattle daily except Sunday, 2 p.m.

Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 2 p.m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.

"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 9 p.m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Colonist Sleepers, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Paul or Chicago.

"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.

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G. O. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
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THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 119 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Agt. and Pass. Agt. 27

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

A GOOD COMPANY

Opened a Three Nights Engagement at the Victoria Last Night.

The Russell-Jewell Dramatic Company opened a three nights engagement at the Victoria theatre last evening, with an admirable performance of a five act military drama entitled Lynwood. A good house greeted and encouraged the players with frequent applause. There were several artists of no mean ability in the cast, whose efforts were appreciated by their several parts was highly commendable. To-night Bartley Campbell's greatest play, "The White Slave," will occupy the boards, and will be presented with all the original scenic effects. The company is exceptionally good, far better than the majority of the shows that have fleeced a too generous public at the Victoria theatre during the past year. The prices of admission have been reduced for this engagement, why, it is hard to say.

WHAT DETAINS HIM?

The Police Magistrate Keeps the Court Officials Waiting.

The lawyers, spectators, officials and reporters waited exactly three quarters of an hour at the police court this morning for the police magistrate to arrive. Of course it is not made public the reason that he is detained, but some individual ventured to suggest that perhaps he, like the steamboats, is unable to navigate the thick fogs that prevail in the morning. No doubt, however, his honor was acquainted with what was coming up this morning for the Allan case, Chinese perjury case and two drunks composed the programme.

In the first mentioned Deputy Attorney-General Irving asked for a further remand of eight days as the Indian who was shot is not well enough to come up from Bonilla Point where he still is. A cousin of the injured man who was in town says he is not any better and seems to improve very slowly. The remand was granted and now the case will have to lie over for another week.

No doubt everybody is tired of hearing of the Chinese perjury case, but nevertheless, if it is uninteresting it takes up a lot of time so much in fact, that to report the case, even if abbreviated would mean the occupation of a whole page daily.

The two drunks were of the ordinary kind, with the exception that one of them, a young Indian woman objected to walking to the police station last evening and hired a hack to convey her to the lockup. This luxury added $1 to her expenses of getting drunk.

FROM UNKNOWN LANDS.

Explorer E. J. Glave Arrives at Victoria After Months in Alaska.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. E. J Glave, artist and correspondent of the Frank Leslie expedition, which left for Alaska last spring, returned to Victoria in company with several of the officers of the U. S. cutter Patterson which reached Nanaimo on Sunday evening.

It will be recollected that last spring a party of five explorers left New York in the interests of Frank Leslie's Weekly, to explore a hitherto unknown region of Alaska, lying between the Yukon river and the southern coast. The party of explorers left here by the Patterson, being taken to Chilcat, where the explorations proper commenced. The river was ascended for several hundred miles, until an immense glacier was reached. This glacier is the head and first start of the river, which flows southerly along the Chilcat range. Another river, flowing in a northerly and westerly direction toward the Yukon, starts from the northern side of the glacier, which is about 60 miles across. When the head quarters of the Yukon were reached Mr. Glave left the balance of the party and struck across to the westward with an experienced woodman to act as a guide. A section of country hitherto unknown was entered upon, and after many miles of travel a river flowing southerly was found. This river has never been known to white men before. It rises in a great lake about 400 miles from the coast, and flows to the sea in a direction parallel with the Chilcat range. Its native name is Alseek, and Mr. Glave did not think civilization could improve on this euphonious sound, and will describe the river as the Alseek in his description of it.

Along the course of the river the country is much better than the explorer had any idea it would be. Fine valleys and gently undulating prairies were found instead of rocky and sterile mountains. Timber was plentiful and of a superior quality, and the whole aspect of the country was good. The river could be navigated by the ordinary river steamers, its current not being over swift. Natives were found along the river. Natives who had never seen a white man. They were of an intelligent appearance and friendly. In appearance they are much superior to the coast tribes.

After the trip down the river to the coast, a course was made to Yakitat. Here an extensive coal field of clean and free burning bituminous coal, sandstone overhanging footwalls, was found. The property is owned by a party of Juneau miners, and capital is the only thing needed to develop the mine. A lot of coal has been taken out in a primitive sort of a way, and will be used on the U. S. cutter Corwin, and tested thoroughly.

The balance of the exploring party Mr. Glave expects to hear from in the course of a month. At last accounts they were at the mouth of the Copper river at the head of the Yukon, and all well. The trip has been a pleasant one, no accidents or sickness occurring. Mount St. Elias was not ascended, but its foothills were surveyed by Mr. Glave and sketches taken.

Mr. Glave leaves by the Patterson on her arrival from Nanaimo for Port Townsend, and will take the N.P. from Tacoma for New York, where he will report to Frank Leslie's headquarters. Mr. Glave is an experienced traveler and explorer, he having been with Stanley's expedition in Africa, and in several other explorations of a similar character. He looks bronzed and hardy from the effects of the late trip, but is in good health. Although pleased to get back into civilization again, he says that he shall probably take another trip to Alaska's interior next summer, as there is a great deal to discover there yet. Much interesting matter has been collected and sketches and photographs to the number of 300, account of the expedition will appear in Frank Leslie's Weekly ere long.

The China Steamer.

The Batavia, 14 days from Yokohama, is due to-day. Capt Urquhart was out in his pilot boat to pick her up.

Wellington Coal.

The old reliable coal and wood yard, office 42, Yates street, is now prepared to supply the market with the best New Wellington Coal.

HEATHORN & McINTOSH.

An Embezzler.

Telegrams from Frisco state that Walter E. Huey had embezzled about $2,000 from the funds of the state board of harbor commissioners, and that the police are looking for him. Later dispatches from Seattle state that Huey was in that city on Sunday on his way to Victoria.

Carey vs. the Corporation.

Arrangements have been made, and on Thursday the 9th of October, the board of arbitrators appointed will meet on the case of Carey vs. the Corporation in a matter pertaining to a claim by the former for damages by reason of the damming of the Colquitz river. This long vexed question has had many delays, but a date is at last fixed.

Fire at Seattle.

A fire broke out on the water-front in Seattle on Sunday evening, and two large wharves were destroyed together with parts of Harrington & Smith's and Hatfield's warehouses. The loss is estimated to be about $15,000, part of which is covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have originated in a 150 tons of hay stored in a barn, where some tramps had been sleeping.

Insurance Rates.

The new rate of insurance adopted by the insurance agents a few days ago goes into effect to-morrow. The new tariff is based upon the rates of 1887 and the special rates of 1888, and will be an average increase of 50 per cent. A committee was also appointed by the meeting to revise the tariff, but they will not finish their labors for several weeks. The new rates, however, will go into effect to-morrow.

Must Connect.

When the sewerage committee gave notice that everybody on the line of Johnson street sewer must connect their drains therewith, they were evidently in earnest, for summonses are now flying thick on Johnson street. Six informations were sworn to this morning and summonses served on the following property holders: Mrs. A. Watson, Jno. Parker, Wm. Powell, G. Bossi, W. Grimm and L. Willie.

School Trustees.

There will be a special meeting of the school trustees at the city hall at 8 p. m. to-night. The teachers are asking for coal, and as the trustees have had some experience of the case with which Robson, Pope & Co., can repudiate accounts sent into the department for payment, they are anxious that some understanding should be arrived at immediately. The trustees cannot be expected to pay the school expenses out of their own pockets.

Beautiful Women.

The magical efforts of Wisdom's Robertine as a beautifer and preserver of the complexion have been attested by thousands of leading ladies of society and the stage. It is the only article ever discovered which gives a natural and beautiful tint to the complexion, removing tan, sunburn, freckles and all roughness of the face and arms, leaving the skin soft, smooth and velvety. All remarks on its delightfuly cooling and refreshing properties, a distinction not found in any other similar article known. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Sale of Work

The public are reminded that the ladies of the First Presbyterian church will hold a sale of useful and fancy articles in the school room adjoining the church, beginning at noon to-morrow. From 5:30 to 7:30 an excellent tea will be served for 25 cents. The articles offered for sale are worth the money; which, by the way, is not always the case at bazaars or church fairs. For this reason, and because the cause is a good one and the tea is the best that can be procured for the money, the school room ought to be crowded all to-morrow afternoon and evening.

The Queen Pays All Expenses.

The Queen's last "Free Trip to Europe" having excited such universal interest, the publishers of that popular magazine offer another and $200 extra for expenses, to the person sending the largest list of English words constructed from letters contained in the words "British North America." Additional prizes, consisting of Silver Tea Sets, China Dinner Sets, Gold Watches, French Music Boxes, Portiere Curtains, Silk Dresses, Mantel Clocks, and many other useful and valuable articles will also be awarded in order of merit. A special prize of a Seal Skin Jacket to the lady, and a handsome Shetland Pony to the girl or boy (delivered free in Canada or United States), sending largest lists. Everyone sending a list of not less than twenty words will receive a present. Send four 3c. stamps for complete rules, illustrated catalogue of prizes, and sample number of the Queen.

Address, The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Canada. au29-dw2m

The Deadliest of Serpents.

The cobra destroys less life in the aggregate than the various forms of cholera, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, diarrhœa, dysentery, cramps, colic, etc. Mortality in Canada from these causes is light, owing to the general use of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, which is an unfailing specific for all bowel complaints.

Large lines of new goods in furniture, carpets, glassware, etc., constantly arriving at John Weller, 51 to 55 Fort street.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

THE CRY OF MILLIONS

OH, MY BACK!

STOP IT NOW, SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I'm when I was subject to pains and disease of the kidneys I tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 15th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when kind Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days, I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

G. A. TOPPEN,
Proprietor Occidental Hotel, Santa Rosa, Cal.

D. E. CAMPBELL, AGENT,
NO. 66 FORT STREET. sep9-1yr

NOW IN VICTORIA.

F. D. SEWARD,
The Eminent Scientific
OPTICIAN
Of New York City,
HAS ARRIVED
And will occupy Parlor "F" at the
DRIARD HOTEL
For a short time only.

Endorsed by leading Oculists and Physicians everywhere. Take advantage of this opportunity. Call early and have your eyes correctly fitted with proper lenses thereby strengthening and preserving the sight. sep10 1m

A Few of the
BARGAINS
—AT THE—
ARGYLE HOUSE.

ENGLISH PRINTS, 15c. reduced to	10
ENGLISH PRINTS, 20c., reduced to	12½
40 pcs FANCY DRESS GOODS, 15c. reduced to	10
WIDE BROWN HOLLAND	10
36 doz. FINE RIBBED COTTON HOSE—Usual price 35c. and 40c. per pair, reduced to	25
98 pcs. CARPET REMNANTS, 1½ yards long	50 to $1.25
105 SAMPLE JERSEYS	90 to 40
84 UMBRELLAS, SILK and ALPACCA, very cheap.	
71 LADIES' GOSSAMERS	$1 to $8.00
15 yds. WHITE COTTON	1.00
14 yds. good CANTON FLANNEL	1.00

25 per cent. Discount
Off all our White and Colored
EMBROIDERIES.

48 doz. Samples MEN'S UNDERWEAR, very cheap.
35 doz. MEN'S WOOL SOCKS, good value 20
HEAVY GREY FLANNELS, 20 to 25
And lots of other goods at very low prices but space forbids our naming here.

ARGYLE HOUSE,
Clarence Hotel Block,
83 Douglas St.
Store open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Saturdays, from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m
Wm. O'Reilly & Co.

North & South Saanich
Agricultural Association
WILL HOLD THEIR
22nd ANNUAL FAIR,
ON
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1890,
At the Association Grounds, South Saanich. Refreshments of all kinds can be had on the grounds.
GRAND BALL in the evening. Tickets $2.00
se15-dw-td

SPENCER'S ARCADE

FALL STOCK COMPLETED
—OF—
Mantles, Jackets,
Coats and Wraps,
Opera Cloaks,
Children's Jackets & Ulsters,
Woollen Shawls,
Fascinators, Clouds, Etc.,

D. SPENCER, Government Street
Sep11-1m

DOMINION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT.
Authorised Capital, - - - $5,000,000

Money loaned for building purposes repayable in monthly instalments equivalent to a rental. Every man may own his own home in 8 years by paying to the Association what he would pay to a landlord.

LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
N. SHAKESPEARE, Esq., President.
W. F. BULLEN, Esq. W. P. SAYWARD, Esq.
WM. DALBY, Esq. D. R. KER, Esq.
G. L. MILNE, Esq., M.D. C. G. BALLENTYNE, Esq.
J. W. WINNETT, Secretary. FRED. J. CLAXTON, Treasurer.
Messrs. EBERTS & TAYLOR, Solicitors. WM. DALBY, Esq., Appraiser.
OFFICES---Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton, 64 Yates Street, Victoria.
se25-1m OPEN EVENINGS 7:30 TO 9:30.

INVEST NOW

Good bargains in Business Lots on Government, Yates, Douglas, Fort, and other principal streets.

Money to loan at lowest rates.
Interests and rents collected and returns promptly made.

REAL ESTATE.
F. C. RICHARDS, Jr.
FINANCIAL BROKER.

Fire and Life Insurance at lowest rates.
Conveyancing in all its branches carefully attended to.

Choice Residential Lots in all parts of the City on easy terms. Some good bargains in nice residences.

51 YATES STREET
sep27

MACHINERY.
Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.
F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C.
june9-1y

AUTUMN OPENING.
1890

We would call the special attention of purchasers to our

Mantle and Dress Departments.

Which are now receiving a complete and attractive range of goods. The stock for value will be found unsurpassed in the City.

Seal Jackets and Mantles.

Having made arrangements in early Spring with a leading fur house, we are in a position to offer REAL ALASKA SEAL garments at last year's prices. We show sample, take purchaser's measure, and deliver in say thirty days, guaranteeing fit and quality. As Alaska furs have experienced a sharp advance in price, the advantage of the above arrangement is obvious.

Jackets, Ulsters, Coats and Dolmans.

We handle B. Caspee's goods, and are the only house in the Province that does so. For Style, Fit and Quality these goods are unrivalled. In nearly every instance we have only one of a kind. Prices right.

Waterproofs.

The Fife, the Teak, the Princess, the Russian, all in beautiful new designs. Also in Imperial cloth, very choice.

Furs.

Boas, Muffs, Idalias, in the following approved varieties: Seal, Bear, Blue and Grey Fox, Australian Opposum, Natural Coon, Isoline, etc. A very full assortment to select from. Also Children's Astrachan Muffs and sets.

Shawls, Etc.

Eiderdown, Inverness, Reversible Velvet, Clan Tartans, Cashmere, Silk, Honeycomb, and Knit Shawls, Scarfs and Fascinators, Dressing Gowns, Jersey Jackets, etc.

Silks,

Black Surahs,	Colored Pongees,
Black Moire,	Colored Faille,
Black Gros Grain,	Colored Merveilux
Black Faille,	Colored Moire,
Black Merveilux,	Colored Broche,
Black Broche,	Colored Satins.

Velvets, Plushes, Etc.

Black and Colored Trimming Velvets, Mantle and Trimming Plushes, Checked and Fancy Trimming Velvets, Black Satin and Velvet Stripe, Sealettes, Velveteens.

Dress Goods.

This department is expected to be complete by the middle of the month. We show a large assortment in the leading lines. Special value in colored and black Henriettas.

Kid Gloves.

The Maltese X or Westside glove. A case just opened, every pair guaranteed.

Yarns.

Crown, $1.00 per pound; Beehive, 35c. per hank; two, four and eight-ply Berlin, Andalusian and Saxony. 10c. per oz. All full weight.

A Cordial Invitation is Given to Visit the Store and Inspect Our Stock.

J. Hutcheson & Co.
70 Government Street.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

THE NEW CATHEDRAL.

The New Christ Church Cathedral—Meeting of the Building Committee.

A numerously attended meeting of the general building committee was held last evening at the Cathedral Sunday School room, His Lordship the Bishop being in the chair. After the minutes of the congregational meeting, noticing the Good Friday, had been read and confirmed, the names of the following gentlemen were, upon motion, added to the general committee: Rev. P. Jenns, M. C. A. Holland, Canon Padden, Rev. G. W. Taylor, Weaver Bridgman, Robert Irving, C. Hayes, A. W. Wowell, A. W. Jones, Col. Prior, C. E. Pooley and F. W. Walker.

The appointment of sub-committees was then proceeded with as follows.

Canvassing.—Major Dupont, Dr. Powell, Dr. Hannington, Hon. Justice Crease, Messrs. E. Crow Baker, Crosadaile, John Trutch, Wm. Chudley, Claxton, R. Harvey, T. B. Hall, Judge Harrison, Dr. T. J. Jones, Messrs. Crane, Wooton, W. Walkem.

Finance—Sir J. W. Trutch, Messrs. W. E. Ward, H. E. Crosadaile and T. R. Smith.

Plans, site and material—The Lord Bishop, Sir Matthew B. Begbie, Sir J. W. Trutch, Mr. Justice Crease, Major Dupont, Archdeacon Scriven, Mr. R. Ward and Mr. H. Croft.

The Bishop announced that the subscriptions already amounted to about $24,000.

THE EXHIBITION.

The Work of the Directors—Let the Flags Fly.

The exhibition promises to be a great success. Judging from the number of entries already made, and the demands for space for live stock, there will be a larger display than ever before. We do not say that our show will surpass that recently held at New Westminster, for apart from the "labor of love" that is being performed by a few public-spirited citizens, by assisting at the preliminary work, there is little "active interest, or "pulling together" on the part of those who might be expected to put their shoulders together, to insure the complete success of the Victoria show. But if it does not surpass Westminster's effort, it will at least be abreast of it. It will perhaps, be better for both societies if the popular verdict pronounces the two exhibitions a tie. There will be more live stock than there will be room to accommodate, while the agricultural hall will be inadequate to the demands upon it. It only remains now for our citizens to do their share, by contributions and otherwise, in furthering the objects of the association. The directors have not had the support which the cause they have charge of merits, or which in the interest of the city they should have received. Nevertheless they have done a great deal, and there is now no doubt of the complete success of their efforts.

We trust the citizens will decorate their premises as much as possible. A Union Jack should fly from every flagstaff in the city and where time will permit other decorations ought to be made. By this means every person can lend a helping hand to make the exhibition of 1890 a great success.

WHARF AND WAVE

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Steamer Princess Louise could not get out on account of the fog last night.

The Queen leaves for San Francisco to-morrow morning.

The City of Puebla arrived from San Francisco last night with 183 tons for Victoria.

The steamer Yosemite did not get away until 9.30 this morning on account of the fog.

The scows to be used in connection with Rithet's new dredge are being built at Turpel's Way.

The Dominion Government are building a new wharf in the outer harbor for the accommodation of the dredging plant.

The Islander went into dry dock today for an inspection of her propeller, and at the same time she may receive a coat of paint.

Steamer Rainbow goes to Westminster to-morrow morning in place of the Rithet, which boat makes a special trip to-night to bring down the exhibits from the Westminster fair.

The cutter Corwin is soon to be looked for in Port Townsend. She went to Yakitat some days ago for the purpose of taking on board the Frank Leslie exploring party that went up last spring.

H.M.S. Amphion is at Vancouver awaiting the arrival of an important official of the Imperial Post-office Department, who is expected next week. The officers look for orders to go to the Mediterranean, but there are rumors that the Admiral has petitioned the Naval Department to allow her to remain on this coast.

The new steam propeller Alice Blanchard, belonging to Blanchard and Wheeler, was launched at Tacoma Saturday. She is said to be the largest screw propeller ever built on the Sound and the finest and heaviest ever launched from a Tacoma shipyard. The Alice Blanchard is a screw steamer of about 1000 tons dead weight capacity, 136 feet keel, 148 feet over all. She will be put into the ore carrying trade from Alaska to the Tacoma smelters.

The British bark Noddleburn, which arrived at Astoria on the 19th inst., reports having sighted and picked up some wreckage evidently belonging to an English ship. The vessel, whichever it may be, must have encountered the same hurricane that was met by the British ships Queen Victoria and Ventura. It is generally thought that the wreck is that of the British ship Malta, Captain Kirkintee, which left Frisco on August 6, the same day that the Ventura did for Cork, with a cargo of 62,722 cental cargo of wheat valued at $90,000.

Vino Scellett Italiano.
At Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Thermometer at Cochrane & Munn's.
Temperature to-day, 56 deg.

Do you Eat?
For dinner to-day, or ice cream remember Steitz's, 48 Yates street.

Keep Clean.
For a first-class shave or hair-cut go to George Russell's, 48 Yates street.

The Largest Import.
Of Blankets this season has been made by the Russell McDonald Company, Masonic Building, Douglas street.

Look at This.
The Rock Bay Coal and Wood Yard guarantee to give 2000 lbs. to the ton. Telephone No. 556.
HEATHORN & McINTOSH.

Arrived O. K.
A beautiful line of Razors, Strops and Shaving Materials can be seen at Fox's 78 Government street. Call and see the fine assortment of Pocket Knives and Scissors.

Steamers Delayed.

The dense fog of last night delayed all the steamers. The Yosemite left about 9.30 instead of 3 a.m. for the Mainland. The Rithet due on Monday night from Westminster, had not reached Victoria at 3 p.m. to-day.

Sewerage Tenders.

A special meeting of the city council was held in the committee room, city hall, this afternoon for the purpose of considering sewerage matters. They decided to have the plans and specifications on view after October 15th, and tenders will be received until December 17th. The advertisement is to be published in London, New York, Montreal, Toronto and the Victoria papers.

The Eastern Assurance Company.

Among the visitors to Victoria last week was Mr. Charles D. Cory, managing director of the Eastern Assurance Company of Canada. Mr. Cory's object in visiting this city was to select a general agent on Vancouver Island for his company. After a careful examination of the city fire department, with which he was highly pleased, he placed the agency with Messrs. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, general agents of the Sun Life Company.

The Engagement Extended.

The engagement of the Russell-Jewell Dramatic Company at the Victoria, which was at first arranged for three nights, has been extended until Friday night, giving them a chance to play five of the first-class dramas of their repertoire and giving Victorians the opportunity of seeing several standard plays and recognized eastern successes, by a good company, at moderate prices. They deserve liberal patronage, judging from the character of their work at last night's performance.

Light Reduced.

Lamps have been put up and all necessary connections made for supplying electric light at the Agricultural Grounds, Beacon Hill, during the exhibition. The lamps are to be 20,000 candle power and consequently that much will have to be cut off in the city. The lamps will be burning from to-night until Monday and the lamps in the suburbs will not burn so brightly as usual. The city electrician has arranged so that every district will be treated fairly and has reduced the lights in different parts of the city.

A Chinese Tragedy.

The murderous attempt of four Chinamen to murder one of their fellow countrymen at Nanaimo as reported in the TIMES last evening, is likely to prove fatal. The case came up in the police court yesterday and the victim was so bad that the doctors informed the court that his evidence had better be taken immediately, which was done. He swore that four men entered his house, two of whom held him down while both of the others used knives on him. The ones whom he alleges cut him are Lung Kee, a big Chinese merchant, and Mah Yuen, another well known character.

Kind Donation.

Mr. S. M. Robins, manager of the New Vancouver Coal Company, has again showed his liberality by donating $500 to the Nanaimo hospital. The following letter explains itself:

Nanaimo, Sept. 27th, 1890.

JOHN PAWSON, Esq., president Nanaimo Hospital Board, Nanaimo.

Dear Sir,—I enclose cheque for $500 as a donation to the hospital. I really am ashamed that we have allowed this thing to be overlooked, and when I saw a paragraph in the Free Press that funds were a little short, I felt more than uncomfortable I can assure you. My company is greatly indebted to the hospital for increasing kindness to our employees who have met with accidents. The benefits to the suffering cannot be over-estimated nor the administration of the institution overpraised. If this enclosure not meet the case let me know and I will repeat the dose. I am, dear sir,

Yours very truly,
S. M. ROBINS, Supt.

The Largest Catch.

The sealing schooner Finland, Capt. Victor Jacobson master and owner, arrived from Behring Sea last night with 2531, the largest catch reported. The schooner was caught in a hurricane while Captain Jacobson was on board another schooner getting salt, and when he went back he was badly hurt while boarding. The schooner was on her beam ends for three minutes but no water got in her hold. One of the sailors was washed overboard but managed to catch a rope and pulled himself aboard again. The schooner had to go to Sand Point to have the captain attended to. This was the only eventful part of the trip, but the captain says he doesn't want another similar experience.

Fifty-eight pieces linoleums, latest designs in all widths and qualities, just arrived at John Weiler's.

Steam Laundry, telephone No. 497. Branch offices, 34 Yates street and Trounce alley.

Stationery at Duley's.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17 1889.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WING ON,
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer.

Intelligence Bureau.
ALL KINDS OF CHINESE HELP FURNISHED.
20 Cormorant Street.
se30-1m

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.

For the purpose of encouraging the interests connected and interwoven with those of the Agricultural Exhibition, I ask that all citizens, who can do so, will observe Friday next as a Public Holiday.

JOHN GRANT,
Mayor.
Sept. 30, 1890. sep30

Victoria Theatre

A Great Dramatic Event.
THE RENOWNED
RUSSELL-JEWELL
DRAMATIC CO.
Special engagement of the sterling actor
MR. GEORGE R. CAINE,
Supported by the talented young actress
MISS JENNIE DARRAGH,
TO-NIGHT
Tuesday, Sept. 30th,
Bartley Campbell's great Melodrama in 6 Acts the
White Slave.
POPULAR PRICES.
General admission 50c. Reserved seats 75cts. Gallery 25c. se30-2i

BRITISH COLUMBIA
Agricultural Association
The Exhibition will be opened on
Friday, Oct. 2,
AT 1 P.M.
—BY—
His Honor the Lieut-Governor.
The Exhibition will remain open up to
11 p.m. Friday,
—AND FROM—
9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Saturday
ADMISSION 50c. . CHILDREN 25c.
Grand parade of stock at 2 p.m. daily.
se30-td

J. C. DEVLIN,
Real Estate and General Agent,
HAS FOR SALE
Residences, Farms and Lots on Saanich Road, St. Lawrence, Pandora, Simcoe, Johnson, Pembroke and North Park Streets. Also on San Juan Avenue, Caledonia Avenue, Craigflower Road and James Bay. Easy terms may be obtained on all.
76 YATES STREET, ROOM 3
au 30-1m

NO ADVANCE IN THE PRICE OF COAL.
Wellington Coal and Wood Yard.
Removed from Store to Wharf & Johnson Streets.
Entrance by New Roadway. Best in the City. Coal sold in any quantities. Double screened, and weight guaranteed.
W. WALKER, 68 YATESS TREET,
TELEPHONE 466. se30-1m

INSURE AGAINST FIRE
IN THE
EASTERN ASSURANCE CO.
The business of FIRE INSURANCE ONLY is carried on by the EASTERN, and the entire
ASSETS, $1,040,075,
is available for the payment of fire losses in Canada.
The policy issued is a plain contract containing no ingenious conditions or restrictions.
Being a native Company, there is no foreign interference with its losses, which are promptly adjusted and paid.
Premiums collected in the Province are invested therein.
GENERAL AGENTS FOR VANCOUVER ISLAND,
Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad Street.
se30-1m

NEW WELLINGTON
BEST COAL BEST
Carefully screened, and delivered to any part of the city by the
VICTORIA COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD
H. C. MACAULAY, MANAGER.
86 GOVERNMENT STREET. - - - 4 DOORS SOUTH OF POSTOFFICE.

NEW GOODS ---- FALL.
KENSINGTON ART SQUARES,
In great variety, all sizes.
BRUSSELS CARPETS,
Large stock, newest designs.
FURNITURE,
Immense assortment at prices as low as the lowest.
BAMBOO AND REED GOODS.
TABLE COVERS, A NEW LINE.
Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Wallpaper
ETC., IN THE PROVINCE.
Come and see our immense assortment and get prices.
JOHN WEILER, 51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

ROUTLEDGE & CO.,
48 Government Street,
ARE NOW OFFERING
CHEAP ½ ACRE LOTS
On Foul Bay Road.
BARGAINS IN PORT ANGELES PROPERTY.
Sep23

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned till noon, Monday, Oct. 13th for the erection of a story and a half cottage on South Turner street.
HALL & LOWE.
53 Government St.
se30-1f

TOM WING LAUNDRY,
16 Chatham Street.
First class work, cheap prices and prompt delivery to any part of the city. Give us a trial.
sep29-1m

INVOCATION OF THE MEWS
of History, is not necessary, to aid in the recording of our past achievements. We've scattered benefits broadcast.
ANOTHER CAT
aclysm of bargains is about to flow from our store. Are you ready with the cash? Remember that
THE CASH CAT
ches the bargain every time. No cash, no bargain, is the unfailing principle of the cash house.
FULL STOCK
—OF—
Fall Goods now on hand.
MENS' & BOYS' CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS.
Mechanic Cash Clothing Store,
55 JOHNSON STREET.

Stanley House,
CORNER
BROAD AND YATES STS.
BANKRUPT STOCK
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